


FORM G (VERSION-2)**INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR FOUR CARE HOSPITAL
PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY
AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA**

(Under sub-regulation (1) of regulation 36A of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India
(Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

SL.	RELEVANT PARTICULARS	
1.	Name of the corporate debtor along with PAN & CIN/ LLP No.	Four Care Hospital Private Limited CIN: U85191MH2011PTC220500 PAN: AABCF8239Q
2.	Address of the registered office	602, Parshwa Kunj, 6th Floor Malvia Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra, India, 400057
3.	URL of website	https://fchpl.stellarinsolvency.com/
4.	Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located	Mumbai
5.	Installed capacity of main products/ services	Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra- Total Capacity- 13 Beds
6.	Quantity and value of main products/ services sold in last financial year	Turnover- Rs. 2,73,30,720/- (INR Two Crores Seventy-Three Lakhs Seven Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the F.Y. 2021-22.
7.	Number of employees/ workmen	Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9
8.	Further details including last available financial statements (with schedules) of two years, lists of creditors are available at URL:	For details, please contact at: fourcare.sipl@gmail.com Visit website: https://fchpl.stellarinsolvency.com/
9.	Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 25(2)(h) of the Code is available at URL:	For details, please contact at: fourcare.sipl@gmail.com Visit website: https://fchpl.stellarinsolvency.com/
10.	Last date for receipt of expression of interest	19 th June 2024
11.	Date of issue of provisional list of prospective resolution applicants	29 th June 2024
12.	Last date for submission of objections to provisional list	04 th July 2024
13.	Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants	14 th July 2024
14.	Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plans to prospective resolution applicants	19 th July 2024
15.	Last date for submission of resolution plans	18 th August 2024

Four Care Hospital Private Limited
(Under CIRP)


Signature
IRP/CRP

16.	Process email id to submit Expression of Interest	fourcare.sipl@gmail.com
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For Four Care Hospital Private Limited
(Under CIRP)


Authorised Signatory
IRP/RP

Rajan Garg
Resolution Professional
IBBI/IPA-001/IP- P02397/ 2021-2022/ 13624
For Four Care Hospital Private Limited (Under CIRP)
Suite No. 5, 8th Floor, 207, Embassy Centre,
Jamnalal Bajaj Marg, Nariman Point,
Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400021

Place: Mumbai
Date: 20-04-2024

Minimum wage cap. EPFO muses hike after 10 years

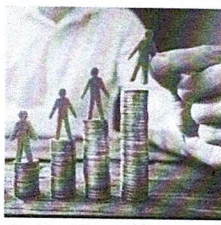
SHIVA RAJORA
New Delhi, 19 April

The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) is considering raising the monthly minimum wage ceiling from ₹15,000 now to improve the coverage and bring millions of informal workers under its purview. The last increase in the minimum wage ceiling was in 2014 to ₹15,000 from ₹5,500.

The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by Business Standard.

The central government minimum wages are ₹15,000, but our wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000, [thus] depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. [I] request that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000, Sunkari Mallesham, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for its over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Prabhakar J Banasare, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year,



INSIDE THE MEET

■ The wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000

■ Millions of workers expected to benefit with the enhanced wage ceiling

■ Proposal to raise minimum pension to ₹3,000 to tackle inflation

■ Actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension to be shared in the next meeting

as the minimum wage in many states is in the range of ₹22,000-₹25,000.

"This will help in coverage of many workers who are deprived of provident fund benefits," he said. This applies to employees in various companies, particularly in the cement industry, according to Banasare.

Even the Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC), which provides healthcare benefits to workers at times under the administrative control of the labour ministry, has a higher wage ceiling of ₹21,000 since 2017.

Discussions were also held to align the wage ceilings under the two social security schemes. Among other areas, there were deliberations on increasing the minimum pension amount to ₹3,000

from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation. "The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to increasing the minimum pension and this issue [needs to] be discussed with them," another employee representative on the board Dilip Bhattacharya said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees from the current level of 20 employees.

In addition, members of the board sought quick settlement of the higher pension cases, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided that the actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

Jio Fin Q4 net rises 6% to ₹311 crore

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 19 April

Jio Financial Services on Friday reported a 6 per cent increase in consolidated net profit to ₹311 crore for the fourth quarter ended March 2024 (Q4FY24) on the back of improvement in income.

The financial services company, demerged from Reliance Industries, had reported a profit of ₹294 crore for the December quarter (3QFY24).

On an annual basis, the company's consolidated net profit jumped multi-fold to ₹1,605 crore in FY24 against ₹31 crore in the preceding financial year, Jio Financial



Services said in a regulatory filing. Its revenue improved marginally to ₹418 crore against ₹414 crore. Its expenses also increased marginally to ₹103 crore against ₹99 crore in Q3.

Earlier this week, Jio Financial announced a 50:50 joint venture with BlackRock for setting up a wealth management and brokerage business.

The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMC is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund house.

It is in the implementation stage, it noted. With regard to its payments bank, it has introduced debit cards and launched a revamped Digital Savings Account.

Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SANJEEV MUKHERJEE
New Delhi, 19 April

The grain-based ethanol makers have complained that they are being forced to shut down some of their units as inadequate decantation and tankerage infrastructure at the depots of oil marketing companies (OMCs) is affecting the supply chains.

The Grain Ethanol Manufacturers' Association (GEMA), in a recent letter to the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, also said that all the existing storage facilities at the units are full and no further tankerage is available.

Decantation is the process of separating a solid and liquid mixture, or separating mixtures of immiscible liquids. The letter also alleged that the storage and decantation facilities available with the OMCs is not even sufficient for meeting the requirements of 12 per cent blending while the government has targeted to blend 15 per cent ethanol with petrol in the 2023-24 Supply Year that started in November.

The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to a billion litres by the end of FY-2024-25. Meanwhile, data showed that till the end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first five months of the 2023-24 ethanol Supply Year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent.

Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been received. Of this, sugarcane-based sources have contributed around 1.26 billion litres (around 56.25 per cent) while grain-based sources have contributed 0.98 billion litres. India has targeted to blend 20 per cent ethanol with petrol by 2025.

Ethanol is produced largely from sugarcane-based molasses or grain-based sources as feedstock in India. In sugarcane, it is either through sugarcane juice or syrup, then B-heavy molasses and C-heavy molasses. There is a different procurement price for ethanol produced from each source.

NBCC to set up shadow lender to help save over \$100 mn

State-run NBCC plans to set up its own non-banking finance company (NBFC) later this year to lower its borrowing costs for key infrastructure projects, according to two sources.

The construction and real estate developer estimates the move will help it save the million in interest costs over the next two years, said the sources.

NBCC's shares rose as much as 1.8 per cent, set to break a five-session losing streak, after the Reuters report. They were last up about 1 per cent at ₹125.95 rupees each.

The Indian government owns infrastructure financial institutions but no other state-run company has created a unit to help it finance projects.

The NBCC's board discussed the proposal to set up a shadow lender in March, the sources said. The final structure of the NBFC will be decided after June, the second source said.

FROM PAGE 1

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Among other recommendations, NITI Aayog emphasised the appropriate handling of data, ensuring privacy and security through the establishment of data protection frameworks, and the creation of sectoral regulatory frameworks.

EV plant to spacetech...

The Starlink application was filed in November 2022. It has been a roller coaster ride for Musk in 2021, he charted out a plan for converting his own-owned showrooms to sell imported Tesla models in India. A new company, a 100 per cent subsidiary, was incorporated in Bengaluru—Tesla India Motor and Energy Private Ltd. It received government homologation certificates, which meant clearance for roadworthiness for Model 3 and Model Y of Tesla.

But soon the battlelines were drawn. Tata and Maruti Suzuki complained to the government, through industry body SIAM, that Tesla's entry via imports would create a non-level playing field, especially as domestic companies like themselves had been subjected to stiff localization rules.

Tesla's plan to set up single-brand retail outlets also came under scrutiny. Tesla was expected to set off the sourcing of goods from India for global operations against the mandatory 30 per cent sourcing requirement. The government was either Tesla bought enough components for its global operations to do so.

In a series of tweets, Musk expressed his frustration, making clear that India's import duty on completely built-in-unit vehicles of between 60-100 per cent was the highest in the world. He wanted it lowered to 40 per cent. He also wanted a differential customs duty structure for electric vehicles and ICE because imposing similar duties "was inconsistent with climate goals."

But the government asked Tesla to first manufacture the vehicles in India rather than

import them from China and then talk about duty cuts.

By 2022 it was clear that Musk had decided to put his India plans in cold storage. In May, he said he would not set up manufacturing in any location unless he was allowed to sell and service cars. He reallocated his India team to other continents.

But a meeting in New York with Modi in June 2023 led to Musk saying afterwards "I am a fan of Modi" and the rekindling of his India plans. A month before the meeting, top Tesla executives had come to India to look at doubling sourcing and had met senior government officials.

Eventually, a solution was thrashed out which both protected domestic car makers and allowed Tesla to enter the country. A new policy for electric vehicles slashed importers on cars with a CIF value of \$35,000. In return, car makers had to invest a minimum of \$500 million over three years on a plant in India with domestic content addition rising to 50 per cent in five years.

Musk also faced serious challenges in rolling out his satellite broadband services. Starlink put together an ambitious plan in 2021 to operate 200,000 of its devices out of which 80 per cent would be in rural areas by December 2022. But the plan never took off.

Rather, it got into a serious mess when the Department of Telecommunications rebuked Starlink for taking pre-bookings of \$99 from 5,000 customers even though it had failed to receive its GMPSC licence which it needed to operate in India.

It was forced to return the money and Musk's friend from PayPal, Sanjay Raghava, who headed the operation, decided to quit in December 2021.

Musk also was compelled to re-tweak his strategy for India and applied for the licence but only for business-to-business services and not to link homes in the country (point-to-point) like its competitors One Web and Reliance. But Starlink may have to wait for months to begin services. Apart from the licence, it has to get authorisation from the space regulator. And, telecom regulator Trai is yet to suggest the administered price for satellite operators.

FORM G (VERSION-2)
INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Under Regulation 36A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
CIN: L1500MH2004PLC14760
Address: (Shop No. 328, Akr, Normal Galaxy, L. & S. Main, Malad, W, Mumbai-400 080 INDIA
Tel. No. : +91 22 2655 1355, Email id - info@uravilamps.com, Website - www.uravilamps.com

REGULATORY AND POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE DATED 15th APRIL, 2024

The Shareholders of URAVI T and Wedge Lamps Limited, Uravi T and Wedge Lamps Limited ("Company") had issued a Postal Ballot Notice dated 15th April, 2024 together with the explanatory statement to the shareholders of the Company, pursuant to the provisions of Section 110 read with Section 108 and other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and other applicable laws and regulations, for seeking approval of shareholders of the Company by way of special resolutions through remote voting by way of postal ballot process.

This Compromise is being issued in continuation of the postal ballot notice dated 15th April, 2024 to the shareholders of the Company to provide alternate details in the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice.

The Existing content shall stand replaced with the following content:

- The offer price of the equity share warrants was erroneously disclosed as ₹ 300/- (Rs. three hundred only) in the resolution and the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice. The revised "minimum issue price" / "issue price" of the said equity share warrants will be ₹ 330/- (Rs. Three hundred and Thirty Only).
- Point No. 2 will be read as: Up to 15,00,000 Warrants, convertible into 15,00,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each, to be issued at a minimum issue price of INR 880/- per Share Warrant (including premium of INR 50/- on face value) ("Minimum Issue Price").
- Point No. 3 will be read as: "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the registered valuer, Valuation Advisors LLP in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2015."
- The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 49,50,00,000 (Rs. forty-nine crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000 (Rs. forty-five crore only).
- Point No. 4 will of the explanatory statement "Name of the registered valuer will be revised to Valuation Advisors LLP (Registered Valuer Entry SEBI Registration No. BS28VAC072023/017) Address: 401, Purna Plaza, opp. Adani Electricity, Shilpada Road, Borivali West, Mumbai-400 092" Email: jaman@valuers.in.

The same will also be available on the website of the Company at: <http://www.uravilamps.com>; National Securities Depository Limited at www.evoting.nsdl.com and on the website of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and National Stock Exchange Limited at www.nseindia.com.

This compromise should be read in continuation of and in conjunction with the said Postal Ballot notice. All other contents of the said notice, save and except as amended / modified by this Compromise, shall remain unchanged.

FOR URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
Niraj Dami Gada
Managing Director & CEO
DIN: 0031332

HDFC
ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

HDFC Asset Management Company Limited
CIN: L65991MH1999PLC123027

Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 155-166, Backbay Reclamation, Churchole, Mumbai - 400 020. Phone: 022 6631 6333 • Fax: 022 6658 0203
E-mail: shareholders.relations@hdfcfund.com • Website: www.hdfcfund.com

EXTRACT OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024		Year Ended March 31, 2023	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Net profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	540.84	1,942.69	376.17	1,423.97
Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	541.41	1,940.82	376.56	1,423.75
Equity share capital	106.74	106.74	106.71	106.71
Other Equity (excluding revaluation reserve) as at March 31,	6,968.27	6,968.27	6,001.11	6,001.11
Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹ 5 each)				
Basic (₹):	25.33	91.00	17.63	66.72
Diluted (₹):	25.25	90.89	17.62	66.71

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF HDFC ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (STANDALONE INFORMATION):

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024		Year Ended March 31, 2023	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Profit before tax	678.09	2,478.19	491.78	1,870.61
Profit after tax	541.09	1,945.88	376.20	1,423.92

Notes:

- The above standalone and consolidated results of the Company have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 19, 2024. The standalone and consolidated results have been subject to audit by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Annual Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended. The full format of the Quarterly / Annual Financial Results is available on www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and www.hdfcfund.com.

Navneet Munot | MD & CEO
DIN: 03647228

Place: Mumbai | Date: April 19, 2024

Minimum wage cap. EPFO musis hike after 10 years

SHIVA RAORA
New Delhi, 19 April

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The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision-making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by *Business Standard*.

"The central government minimum wages are ₹18,000, but our wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000, [thus] depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. [I] request that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000," Sunkari Malleshan, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for its over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Prabirakar J Banarsur, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year.



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from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation. "The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to increasing the minimum pension and this issue needs to be discussed with them," another employee representative on the board Dilip Bhattacharya said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees from the current level of 20 employees.

In addition, members of the board sought quick settlement of the higher pension cases, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided to get the actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

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New Delhi, 19 April

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The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMFI is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund house.

It is in the implementation stage, it noted. With regard to its payments bank, it has introduced debit cards and launched a revamped Digital Savings Account. Shares of Jio Financial addition closed at ₹370 apiece, down 2.17 per cent.

Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SANJEEB MUKHERJEE
New Delhi, 19 April

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The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to 6 billion litres by the end of FY-2024-25.

Meanwhile, data showed that till end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first quarter of the 2023-24 Ethanol Supply Year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent. Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been received.

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The NBCC's board discussed the proposal to set up a shadow lender in March, one source said, the final structure of the NBFC will be decided after June, the second source said. NBCC will seek approval for the shadow bank from the new administration that will be elected in June, at the end of the seven-phase national polls that started on Friday.

FROM PAGE 1

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(Under Regulation 33A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

- Name of the Corporate Debtor along with PAN/ONLIP No. **Four Care Hospital Private Limited PAN: AADP2222Z; CIN: U51902MH1999PLC123027**
- Address of the registered office **501, Parshwa Kuni, 5th Floor, Malva Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India <https://ipcl.stellarinsolvency.com/>**
- URL of website **Mumbai**
- Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located **Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra- Total Capacity- 13 Beds**
- Installed capacity of main products/services **Tummy- Rs. 2,73,30,720/- (NR Two Crores Seventy-Three Lakhs Seven Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY 2021-22.**
- Quantity & value of main products/services sold in last financial year **Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9**
- Number of employees/workmen **Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9**
- Further details including list available financial statements (with schedule) of two years, list of creditors, relevant dates for subsequent events of the process are available at: **For details, please contact at: fourcare.spl@gmail.com Visit website: <https://ipcl.stellarinsolvency.com/>**
- Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 25(2)(h) of the Code is available at: **For details, please contact at: fourcare.spl@gmail.com Visit website: <https://ipcl.stellarinsolvency.com/>**
- Last date for receipt of expression of interest **19th June 2024**
- Date of issue of provisional list of prospective resolution applicants **29th June 2024**
- Last date for submission of objections to provisional list **04th July 2024**
- Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants **14th July 2024**
- Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants **19th July 2024**
- Last date for submission of resolution plans **18th August 2024**
- Process email id to submit Expression of Interest **fourcare.spl@gmail.com**

62/-
Rain Date: 19th June 2024
Time: 12:00 PM to 05:00 PM
Date: 20 April 2024
Place: Mumbai

UVAL
URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
CIN: U25100MH2009PLC04795
Address: Shop No. 326, A/1, Normal Gallery, L. B. S. Marg, Mulund (W), Mumbai-400 020 (INDIA)
Tel. No. +91 22 2565 1855. Email Id - info@uravilamps.com, www.uravilamps.com

CORRESPONDENCE TO THE POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE DATED 15th APRIL, 2024

The Shareholders of URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED, (the "Company") have issued a Postal Ballot Notice dated 15th April, 2024 together with the explanatory statement to the shareholders of the Company, pursuant to the provisions of Section 110 read with Section 108 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, including any statutory modification or amendment thereof, for the aforesaid purpose, for seeking approval of shareholders of the Company by way of special resolutions through remote voting by way of postal ballot process.

This document is being issued in continuation of the postal ballot notice dated 15th April, 2024 to the shareholders of the Company to provide additional details in the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice.

The following content shall stand replaced with the following content:

- The offer price of the equity share warrant was erroneously disclosed as ₹ 200/- (Rupees Two Hundred only) in the resolution and the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice. The revised "minimum issue price"/"issue price" of the said equity share warrants will be ₹ 320/- (Rupees Three Hundred and Twenty Only).
- Point No. 2 will be read as Up to 15,00,000 Warrants, convertible into 15,00,00,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 1/- each to be issued at a minimum issue price of INR 833/- per Share Warrant (including premium of INR 320 on face value) (Minimum Issue Price).
- Point No. 3 will be read as: "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the registered valuer, M&A Advisors LLP in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2015. The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Rule 164 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2015."
- The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 49,50,00,000 (Rupees Forty Nine Crores Fifty Lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000 (Rupees Forty Five Crores only).
- Point No. 4 will of the explanatory statement "Name of the registered valuer" will be revised to "M&A Advisors LLP Registered Valuer SEBI Registration No. BSBV/REG/2022/117, Address: 401, Puna Plaza, opp. Adani Electricity, Shimpal Road, Borivali West, Mumbai-400 092 (India) (info@m&aadvisors.com).

The same will also be available on the website of the Company at: www.uravilamps.com, National Securities Depository Limited at www.nsdlindia.com and on the website of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and National Stock Exchange Limited at www.nseindia.com.

This document shall be read in conjunction with and in addition to the said Postal Ballot Notice. All other contents of the said notice, save and except as amended / modified by this Correspondence, shall remain unchanged.

FOR URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
adl
Niraj Damji Gada
Managing Director & CEO
CIN: 00519933
Date: 20 April 2024
Place: Mumbai

Authorised Signatory
IRP/RP
HDFC
ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

HDFC Asset Management Company Limited
CIN: L65991MH1999PLC123027

Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 185-186, Backbay Reclamation, Churghata, Mumbai - 400 020. Phone: 022 6631 6333 • Fax: 022 6659 0203
E-mail: shareholders.relations@hdfclifund.com • Website: www.hdfclifund.com

EXTRACT OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024		Year Ended March 31, 2023	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Net profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	340.84	1,942.69	376.17	1,423.37
Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	541.41	1,940.82	376.56	1,423.75
Equity share capital	106.74	106.74	106.71	106.71
Other Equity (excluding revaluation reserve) as at March 31,		6,968.27		6,001.11
Earnings per equity share (Face Value of ₹ 5 each)				
Basic (₹):	25.33	91.00	17.63	66.72
Diluted (₹):	25.25	90.89	17.62	66.71

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF HDFC ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (STANDALONE INFORMATION):

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024		Year Ended March 31, 2023	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Profit before tax	679.09	2,478.19	491.78	1,870.61
Profit after tax	541.09	1,945.88	376.20	1,423.92

Notes:

- The above standalone and consolidated results of the Company have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 19, 2024. The standalone and consolidated results have been subject to audit by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Annual Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended. The full format of the Quarterly / Annual Financial Results are available on www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and www.hdfclifund.com.

Navneet Munot | MD & CEO
DIN: 05247228

Place: Mumbai | Date: April 19, 2024

Minimum wage cap: EPFO mulls hike after 10 years

SHWETA RAJORA
New Delhi, 19 April

The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) is considering raising the monthly minimum wage ceiling from ₹15,000 now to improve the coverage and bring millions of informal workers under its purview. The last increase in the minimum wage ceiling was in 2014 to ₹15,000 from ₹6,500.

The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision-making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by Business Standard.

"The central government minimum wages are ₹18,000, but our wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000, [thus] depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. [I] request that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000," Sunkari Malleshwar, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for its over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Prabhakar J Banasura, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year,



INSIDE THE MEET

- The wage ceiling has increased to ₹25,000
- Millions of workers expected to benefit with the enhanced wage ceiling
- Proposal to raise minimum pension to ₹3,000 to tackle inflation
- Actual report on impact assessment of higher pension to be shared in the next meeting

as the minimum wage in many states is in the range of ₹22,000-₹25,000.

"This will help in coverage of many workers who are deprived of provident fund benefits," he said. This applies to employees in various companies, particularly in the cement industry, according to Banasura.

Even the Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC), which provides healthcare benefits to workers and comes under the administrative control of the labour ministry, has a higher wage ceiling of ₹21,000 since 2017.

Discussions were also held to align the wage ceilings under the two social security schemes. Among other areas, there were deliberations on increasing the minimum pension amount to ₹3,000

from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation. "The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to increasing the minimum pension and this issue [needs to be discussed with them]," another employee representative on the board Dilip Binattary said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees from the current level of 20 employees.

In addition, members of the board sought quick settling up of the pension cases, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided that the actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

Jio Fin Q4 net rises 6% to ₹311 crore

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 19 April

Jio Financial Services on Friday reported a 6 per cent increase in consolidated net profit to ₹311 crore for the fourth quarter ended March 2024 (Q4FY24) on the back of improvement in income.

The financial services company, demerged from Reliance Industries, had reported a profit of ₹294 crore for the December quarter (Q3FY24).

On an annual basis, the company's consolidated net profit jumped multi-fold to ₹1,605 crore in FY24 against ₹31 crore in the preceding financial year, Jio Financial



Services said in a regulatory filing. Its revenue improved marginally to ₹418 crore from ₹414 crore in Q3FY24. Its expenses also increased marginally to ₹103 crore against ₹99 crore in Q3.

Earlier this week, Jio Financial announced a \$650 joint venture with BlackRock to set up a wealth management and broking business.

The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMC is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund house.

It is in the implementation stage, it noted. With regard to its payments bank, it has introduced debit cards and launched a revamped Digital Savings Account. Shares of Jio Financial Services closed at ₹370 apiece, down 2.17 per cent.

Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SANJEEV MUKHERJEE
New Delhi, 19 April

The grain-based ethanol makers have complained that they are being forced to shut down some of their units as inadequate decantation and tankerage infrastructure at the depots of oil marketing companies (OMCs) is affecting the supply chain.

The Grain Ethanol Manufacturers Association (GEMA), in a recent letter to the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, also said that all the existing storage facilities at the units are full and no further tankerage is available.

Decantation is the process of separating a solid and liquid mixture, or separating mixtures of immiscible liquids. The letter also alleged that the storage and decantation facilities available with the OMCs is not even sufficient for meeting the requirements of 12 per cent blending while the government has targeted to blend 15 per cent ethanol with petrol in the 2023-24 Supply Year that started in November.

The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to a billion litres by the end of FY24-25. Meanwhile, data showed that till end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first five months of the 2023-24 Ethanol Supply Year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent. Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been received.

Of this, sugarcane-based sources have contributed around 1.26 billion litres (around 56.25 per cent) while grain-based sources have contributed 0.98 billion litres. India has targeted to blend 20 per cent ethanol with petrol by 2024.

Ethanol is produced largely from sugarcane-based molasses or grain-based sources as feedstock in India. In sugarcane, it is either through sugarcane juice or syrup, then H-heavy molasses and C-heavy molasses. There are two different procurement price for ethanol produced from each source.

The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to a billion litres by the end of FY24-25.

Meanwhile, data showed that till end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first five months of the 2023-24 Ethanol Supply Year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent. Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been received.

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FROM PAGE 1

AI framework on anvil...

Among other recommendations, NITI Aayog emphasised the appropriate handling of data, ensuring privacy and security through the establishment of data protection frameworks, and the creation of a national regulatory frameworks.

EV plant to spacetechn...

The Starlink application was filed in November 2022. It has been a roller coaster ride for Musk. In 2021, he charted out a plan for company-owned showrooms to sell imported Tesla models in India. A new company, a 100 per cent subsidiary, was incorporated in Bengaluru—Tesla India Motors and Energy Private Ltd. It received government homologation certificates, which meant clearance for roadworthiness for Model 3 and Model Y of Tesla.

But soon the battleships were drawn. Tata and Maruti Suzuki complained to the government, through industry body SIAM, that Tesla's entry via imports would create a non-level playing field, especially as domestic companies like themselves had been subjected to stiff localisation rules. Tesla's plan to set up single brand retail outlets also came under scrutiny. Tesla was expected to set off the sourcing of goods from India for global operations against the mandatory 30 per cent sourcing requirement. The question was whether Tesla would enough components for its global operations to do so.

In a series of tweets, Musk expressed his frustration, making it clear that India's Import duty on Completely Built Up Unit vehicles of between 60-100 per cent was the highest in the world. He wanted it lowered to 40 per cent. He also wanted a differential customs duty structure for electric vehicles and ICE because imposing similar duties was inconsistent with climate goals.

But the government asked Tesla to first manufacture the vehicles in India rather than import them from China and then talk about duties. By 2022 it was clear that Musk had decided to put his India plans in cold storage. In May, he said he would not set up manufacturing in any location unless he was allowed to sell and service cars. He relocated his India team to other countries.

But a meeting in New York with Modi in June in 2022 led to Musk saying afterwards "I am a fan of Modi" and the rekindling of his India plans. A month before the meeting, top Tesla executives had come to India to look at doubling sourcing and had met senior government officials. Eventually, a solution was thrashed out which both protected domestic car makers and allowed Tesla to enter the country. A new policy for electric vehicles slashed imports on cars with a CIF value of ₹35,000. In return, car makers had to invest a minimum of \$500 million over three years on a plant in India with domestic value addition rising to 50 per cent in five years.

Musk also faced serious challenges in rolling out his state-to-state services. Starlink put together an ambitious plan in 2021 to operate 200,000 of its devices out of which 80 per cent would be in rural areas by December 2022. But the plan never took off.

Rather, it got into a serious mess when the Department of Telecommunications rebuked Starlink for taking pre-bookings of ₹99 from 5,000 odd customers even though it had failed to receive its GMPCS licence, which it needed to operate in India. It was forced to return the money and Musk's friend from PayPal, Sanjay Bhargava, who headed the operation, decided to quit in December 2021. Musk also was compelled to state in a regulatory filing that India and applied for the licence but only for business-to-business services and not to link homes in the country (point-to-point) like its competitors. One "Web of Resilience" But Starlink may have to wait for months to begin services. Apart from one licence, it has to get authorisation from the space regulator, and telecom regulator. It is yet to suggest the administrative price for satellite operators.

FORM G (VERSION-2)
INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Under Regulation 36A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

<p>1. Name of the Corporate Debtor along with PAN/CIN/ILP No. PAN: AACRC2303G CIN: U85191MH2011PT1226050</p> <p>2. Address of the registered office. "Peshwa Kuti, 651 Haveli, Mahiva Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India https://opgi.stellarinsolvency.com/</p> <p>3. URL of website. Mumbai</p> <p>4. Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located. Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra-Total Capacity- 13 Beds</p> <p>5. Installed capacity of main products/services. Turnover- Rs. 2,73,30,720/- (NR Two Crores Seventy-Three Lakhs Seven Thousand and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY. 2021-22.</p> <p>6. Quantity & value of main products/services sold in last financial year. Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9</p>	<p>1. Number of employees/workmen. For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India https://opgi.stellarinsolvency.com/</p> <p>2. Further details including list available financial statements (with schedule) of two years, lists of creditors, relevant dates for subsequent events of the process are available at: For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India https://opgi.stellarinsolvency.com/</p> <p>3. Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 23(2)(b) of the Code is available at: For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India https://opgi.stellarinsolvency.com/</p> <p>4. Last date for receipt of expression of interest. 19th June 2024</p> <p>5. Date of issue of provisional list of prospective resolution applicants. 29th June 2024</p> <p>6. Last date for submission of objections to provisional list. 04th July 2024</p> <p>7. Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants. 14th July 2024</p> <p>8. Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants. 19th July 2024</p> <p>9. Last date for admission of resolution plans. 18th August 2024</p> <p>10. Process email to be submitted. fourcare.sip@gmail.com</p>
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FOR URUVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
(Under Regulation 36A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

UVAL
URUVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
CIN: U85191MH2011PT1226050
Address : (Shop No. 329, Anar, Anand Colony, L. B. S. Marg, Malad (W), Mumbai-400 080 INDIA
Tel. No. : +91 22 2655 1355, Email id : info@uruvilamps.com, Website : www.uruvilamps.com

CONTRIBUTION TO THE POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE DATED 15th APRIL, 2024

The Shareholders of URUVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED, Uruvi T and Wedge Lamps Limited ("Company") had issued a Postal Ballot Notice dated 15th April, 2024 together with the explanatory statement to the shareholders of the Company pursuant to the provisions of Section 113 read with Section 118 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the aforesaid being in force. Shareholder Standard on General Meetings (SSG) and other applicable laws and regulations, for seeking approval of shareholders of the Company by way of special resolutions through remote voting by way of postal ballot process.

This company is hereby issued in continuation of the postal ballot notice dated 15th April, 2024 to the shareholders of the Company to provide alternate details in the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice.

The existing content shall stand replaced with the following content:

- The offer price of the equity share warrant was erroneously disclosed as ₹ 300/- (Rs. three hundred only) in the resolution and the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice. The revised minimum issue price/issue price of the said equity share warrants will be ₹ 304/- (Rs. Three Hundred and Four Only).
- Point No. 2 will be read as Up to 15,00,000 Warrants, convertible into 15,00,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each, to be issued at a minimum issue price of INR 304/- per share Warrant (including premium of INR 50/- on face value) (Minimum Issue Price).
- Point No. 3 will be read as, "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the registered valuer, Validarius Advisors LLP in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2015. The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Reg. 164 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations."
- The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 458,00,000/- (Rs. forty-five crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000/- (Rs. forty-five crore only).
- Point No. 4 will of the explanatory statement "Name of the registered valuer" will be revised to Validarius Advisors LLP (Registration Value Entry No. BSE/FSE/2022/19). Address : 401, Purna Plaza, opp. Adani Electricity, Shreepathy Road, Borivali West, Mumbai-400 099. Email : jainam@validarius.com.

The same will also be available on the website of the Company at: <http://www.uruvilamps.com>, National Securities Depository Limited at www.nsdl.com and on the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e., BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and National Stock Exchange Limited at www.nseindia.com.

This document should be read in continuation of and in conjunction with the said Postal Ballot notice, all contents of the said notice, save and except as amended / modified by this Corrigendum, shall remain unchanged.

Date : 20 April 2024
Place : Mumbai

Niraj Damji Gadi
Managing Director & CEO
DIN: 00519692

Authorised Signatory
IRP/RP

HDFC
ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

HDFC Asset Management Company Limited
CIN: L65991MH1999PLC123027

Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 165-166, Backbay Reclamation, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020. Phone: 022 6651 6333 • Fax: 022 6656 0203
E-mail: shareholdersrelations@hdfclund.com • Website: www.hdfclund.com

EXTRACT OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024		Year Ended March 31, 2024	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Net profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	540.84	1,942.69	376.17	1,423.37
Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	541.41	1,940.82	376.56	1,423.75
Equity share capital	106.74	106.74	106.71	106.71
Other Equity (excluding revaluation reserve) as at March 31,		6,988.27		6,001.11
Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹ 5 each)				
Basic (₹):	25.33	91.00	17.63	66.72
Diluted (₹):	25.25	90.89	17.62	66.71

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF HDFC ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (STANDALONE INFORMATION):

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024		Year Ended March 31, 2024	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Profit before tax	679.09	2,478.19	491.78	1,870.61
Profit after tax	541.09	1,945.88	376.20	1,423.92

Notes:

- The above standalone and consolidated results of the Company have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 19, 2024. The standalone and consolidated results have been subject to audit by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Annual Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended. The full format of the Quarterly / Annual Financial Results are available on www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com, and www.hdfclund.com.

Navneet Munot | MD & CEO
DIN: 0247228
Place: Mumbai | Date: April 19, 2024

Minimum wage cap: EPFO mulls hike after 10 years

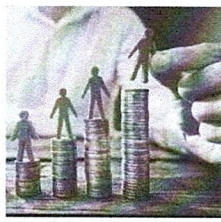
SHIVA RAORA
New Delhi, 19 April

The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) is considering raising the monthly minimum wage ceiling from ₹15,000 now to improve the coverage and bring millions of informal workers under its purview. The last increase in the minimum wage ceiling was in 2014 to ₹15,000 from ₹6,500.

The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by Business Standard.

"The central government minimum wages are ₹18,000, but our wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000, [thus] depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. I request that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000," Sunkari Malleshan, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for its over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Prabhakar J Banasure, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year.



INSIDE THE MEET

- The wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000
- Millions of workers expected to benefit with the enhanced wage ceiling
- Proposal to raise minimum pension to ₹3,000 to tackle inflation
- Actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension to be shared in the next meeting

as the minimum wage in many states is in the range of ₹22,000 - ₹25,000.

"This will help in coverage of many workers who are deprived of provident fund benefits," he said. This applies to employees in various companies, particularly in the cement industry, according to Banasure.

Even the Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC), which provides healthcare benefits to workers and comes under the administrative control of the labour ministry, has a higher wage ceiling of ₹21,000 since 2017.

Discussions were also held to align the wage ceilings under the two social security schemes. Among other areas, there were deliberations on increasing the minimum pension amount to ₹3,000

from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation. "The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to increasing the minimum pension and this issue needs to be discussed with them," another employee representative on the board Dilip Bhattacharya said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees from the current level of 20 employees.

In addition, members of the board sought quick settlement of the higher pension cases, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided that the actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

Jio Fin Q4 net rises 6% to ₹311 crore

PREST TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 19 April

Jio Financial Services on Friday reported a 6 per cent increase in consolidated net profit to ₹311 crore for the fourth quarter ended March 2024 (Q4FY24) on the back of improvement in income.

The financial services company, demerged from Reliance Industries, had reported a profit of ₹294 crore for the December quarter (Q3FY24).

On an annual basis, the company's consolidated net profit jumped multi-fold to ₹1,658 crore in FY24 against ₹31 crore in the preceding financial year, Jio Financial



Services said in a regulatory filing. Its revenue improved marginally to ₹418 crore from ₹414 crore in Q3FY24. Its expenses also increased marginally to ₹103 crore against ₹99 crore in Q3.

Earlier this week, Jio Financial announced a ₹5050 joint venture with BlackRock for setting up a wealth management and broking business.

The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMG is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund house.

It is in the implementation stage, it noted. With regard to its payments bank, it has introduced debit cards and launched a revamped Digital Savings Account.

Shares of Jio Financial Services closed at ₹370 apiece, down 2.17 per cent.

Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SANJEEB MUVIHERAJE
New Delhi, 19 April

The grain-based ethanol makers have complained that they are being forced to shut down some of their units as inadequate decantation and tankerage infrastructure at the depots of oil marketing companies (OMCs) is affecting the supply chains.

The Grain Ethanol Manufacturers Association (GEMA), in a recent letter to the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, also said that all the existing storage facilities at the units are full and no further tankerage is available.

Decantation is the process of separating a solid and liquid mixture, or separating mixtures of immiscible liquids. The letter also alleged that the storage and decantation facilities available with the OMCs is not even sufficient for meeting the requirements of 12 per cent blending while the government has targeted to blend 15 per cent ethanol with petrol in the 2023-24 Supply Year that started in November.

The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to a billion litres by the end of FY-2024-25.

Meanwhile, data showed that till end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first five months of the 2023-24 Ethanol tankerage Infrastructure Year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent.

Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been received. Of this, sugarcane-based sources have contributed around 1.26 billion litres (around 56.25 per cent) while grains based sources have contributed 0.98 billion litres. India has targeted to blend 20 per cent ethanol with petrol by 2025.

Ethanol is produced largely from sugarcane-based molasses or grain-based molasses as feedstock in India. In sugarcane, it is either through sugarcane juice or syrup, then B-heavy molasses and C-heavy molasses. There is a different procurement price for ethanol produced from each source.

NBCC to set up shadow lender to help save over \$100 mn

State-run NBCC plans to set up its own non-banking financial company (NBFC) to lower borrowing costs for key infrastructure projects, according to two sources.

The construction and real estate developer estimates the move will help it save \$108 million in interest costs over the next two years, said the sources.

NBCC's shares rose as much as 1.8 per cent, set to break a five-session losing streak, after the Reuters report. They were last up about 1 per cent at ₹125.95 apiece each.

The Indian government owns infrastructure financial institutions but no other state-run company has created a unit to help it finance projects.

The NBCC's board discussed the proposal to set up a shadow lender in March, one source said. The main structure of the NBFC will be decided after June, the source said.

FROM PAGE 1

AI framework on anvil...

Among other recommendations, NITI Aayog emphasised the appropriate handling of data, ensuring privacy and security through the establishment of data protection frameworks, and the creation of sectoral regulatory frameworks.

EV plant to spacetech...

The Starlink application was filed in November 2022.

It has been a roller coaster ride for Musk. In 2021, he charted out a plan for company-owned showrooms to sell imported Tesla models in India. A new company, a 100 per cent subsidiary, was incorporated in Bengaluru—Tesla India Motors and Energy Private Ltd. It received government homologation certificates, which meant clearance for roadworthiness for Model S and Model Y of Tesla.

But soon the battlelines were drawn. Tata and Maruti Suzuki complained to the government, through industry body SIAM, that Tesla's entry via imports would create a non-level playing field, especially as domestic companies like themselves had been subjected to stiff localization rules.

Tesla's plan to set up single-brand retail outlets also came under scrutiny. Tesla was expected to set off the sourcing of goods from India for global operations against the mandatory 30 per cent sourcing requirement. The question of whether the company had enough components for its global operations to do so.

In a series of tweets, Musk expressed his frustration, making it clear that India's import duty on Completely Built Up (CBU) vehicles of between 60-100 per cent was the highest in the world. He wanted it lowered to 40 per cent. He also wanted a differential customs duty structure for electric vehicles and ICE because imposing similar duties "was inconsistent with climate goals".

But the government asked Tesla to first manufacture the vehicles in India rather than

import them from China and then talk about duty cuts.

By 2022 it was clear that Musk had decided to put his India plans in cold storage. In May, he said he would not set up manufacturing in any location unless he was allowed to sell and service cars. He reallocated his India team to other countries.

But a meeting in New York with Modi in June in 2023 led to Musk saying afterwards "I am a fan of Modi" and the rekindling of his India plans. A month before the meeting, top Tesla executives had come to India to look at doubling sourcing and had met senior government officials.

Eventually, a solution was thrashed out which both protected domestic car makers and allowed Tesla to enter the country. A new policy for electric vehicles slashed imports on cars with a CIF value of \$35,000. In return, car makers had to invest a minimum of \$500 million over three years on a plant in India with domestic value addition rising to 50 per cent in five years.

Musk also faced serious challenges in rolling out his satellite broadband services. Starlink put together an ambitious plan in 2021 to operate 200,000 of its devices out of which 80 per cent would be in rural areas by December 2022. But the plan never took off.

Rather, it got into a serious mess when the Department of Telecommunications rebuked Starlink for taking pre-bookings of \$99 from 5,000 odd customers even though it had failed to receive its GMPCS licence which it needed to operate in India.

It was forced to return the money and Musk's friend from Paypal, Sanjay Bhargava, who had led the operation, decided to quit in December 2021.

Musk also was compelled to re-tweak his strategy for India and applied for the licence but only for business-to-business services and not to link his company to the country (point-to-point) like his competitors One Web and Reliance. But Starlink may have to wait for months to own services. Apart from one licence, it has to get authorisation from the space regulator. And, telecom regulator 'Trai is yet to suggest the administrative price for satellite operators.

FORM G (VERSION-2)
INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Under Regulation 36A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Debtors) Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

1. Name of the Corporate Debtor along with PANCINLLP No.	Four Care Hospital Private Limited PAN: AACFC3232G CIN: LU8191M02011PTC225050
2. Address of the registered office	809, Freshness Kury, 8th Floor, Mariva Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India
3. URL of website	https://fchpl.stellarinsolvency.com/
4. Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located	Mumbai
5. Installed capacity of main production/services	Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra- Total Capacity- 13 Beds Turnover- Rs. 273,20,720/- (NR Trv Crores Seventy-Three Lakhs Seven Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY: 2021-22.
6. Quantity & value of main products/services sold in last financial year	Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9
7. Number of employees/workman	
8. Further details including last available financial statements (with schedule) of two years, list of creditors, interest dates for subsequent events of the process are available at:	For details, please contact at: fourcare.alp@gmail.com Visit website: https://fchpl.stellarinsolvency.com/
9. Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 33(2)(b) of the Code is available at:	For details, please contact at: fourcare.alp@gmail.com Visit website: https://fchpl.stellarinsolvency.com/
10. Last date for receipt of expression of interest	19th June 2024
11. Date of issue of provisional list of prospective resolution applicants	29th June 2024
12. Last date for submission of objections to provisional list	04th July 2024
13. Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants	14th July 2024
14. Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants	19th July 2024
15. Last date for submission of resolution plans	18th August 2024
16. Process email to be submitted: Expression of Interest	fourcare.alp@gmail.com

Resolution Professional for Four Care Hospital Private Limited (Under CIRP) Reg. No. 28/2019-2020/2021-2022/1324
Nirmal Jaiswal, Director, Nirmal Bopla, Manager, Nirmal Bopla, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400018

Date: 20.04.2024
Place: Mumbai

UJVAL
URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
CIN: LU150802009PLC14378
Address: Shop No. 329, Aaker, Nirmal Galaxy, L.B.S. Marg, Mulund (W), Mumbai-400 080 (INDIA)
Tel. No. : +91 22 2658 1355, Email ID : info@uravilamps.com, Website : www.uravilamps.com

CORRESPOND TO THE POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE DATED 15th APRIL, 2024

The shareholders of URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS Limited,
Uravi T and Wedge Lamps Limited ("Company") had issued a Postal Ballot Notice dated 15th April, 2024 together with the explanatory statement to the shareholders of the Company, pursuant to the provisions of Section 110 read with Section 108 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), Special Circulars on General Meetings (SS-2) and other applicable laws and regulations, for seeking approval of shareholders of the Company by way of special resolutions through remote voting by way of postal ballot process.

The Company is being issued in continuation of the postal ballot notice dated 15th April, 2024 to the shareholders of the Company to provide altered details in the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice.

The existing content shall stand replaced with the following content:

- The offer price of the equity share warrant was erroneously disclosed as ₹ 300/- (Rs. three hundred only) in the resolution and the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice. The revised minimum issue price/issue price of the said equity share warrants will be ₹ 300/- (Rs. Three Hundred and Thirty Only).
- Point No. 2 will read as: "The per share warrant price is INR 300.000 equity share of face value of ₹ 104 each, to be issued at a minimum issue price of INR 300.000 per share warrant (including premium of INR 800 on face value) (Minimum Issue Price)."
- Point No. 3 will read as: "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the registered valuer, Valuation Advisors LLP, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2015. The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Reg. 164 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations."
- The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 49,50,00,000 (Rs. forty-nine crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000 (Rs. forty-five crore only)."
- Point No. 4 will of the explanatory statement "Name of the registered valuer" will be revised to Valuation Advisors LLP (Registered Valuer Only) (SEBI Reg. No. SEBI/REG/2020/319), Address: 401, Purna Plaza, apc, Adani Electricity, Shimpod Road, Borivali West, Mumbai-400 089 Email: info@valadvisors.com.

The same will also be available on the website of the Company at: <https://www.uravilamps.com>, National Securities Depository Limited at www.nsdl.com and on the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at <https://www.bseindia.com> and National Stock Exchange Limited at www.nseindia.com.

This corrigendum should be read in continuation of and in conjunction with the said Postal Ballot Notice, All other contents of the said notice, save and except as amended / modified by this Corrigendum, shall remain unaltered.

FOR URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
Niraj Damji Gada
Managing Director & CEO
DIN: 05316623

Date : 20 April, 2024
Place : Mumbai

Authorised Signatory
IRP/RP
HDFC
ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

HDFC Asset Management Company Limited
CIN: L65991MH1999PLC123027
Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 165-168, Backbay Reclamation, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020. Phone: 022 6631 6333 • Fax: 022 6658 0203
E-mail: shareholders.relations@hdfcltd.com • Website: www.hdfcltd.com

EXTRACT OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Particulars	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Net profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	540.64	1,942.69	376.17	1,423.37
Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	541.41	1,940.82	376.56	1,423.75
Equity share capital	106.74	106.74	106.71	106.71
Other Equity (excluding revaluation reserve) as at March 31,		6,988.27		6,001.11
Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹ 5 each)				
Basic (₹):	25.33	91.00	17.63	66.72
Diluted (₹):	25.25	90.89	17.62	66.71

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF HDFC ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (STANDALONE INFORMATION):

Particulars	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Profit before tax	679.09	2,478.19	491.78	1,870.61
Profit after tax	541.09	1,945.88	376.20	1,423.92

Notes:
1. The above standalone and consolidated results of the Company have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 19, 2024. The standalone and consolidated results have been subject to audit by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.

2. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Annual Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended. The full format of the Quarterly / Annual Financial Results are available on www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and www.hdfcltd.com.

Navneet Munot | MD & CEO
DIN: 05247228

Place: Mumbai | Date: April 19, 2024

Minimum wage cap: EPFO mulls hike after 10 years

SHIN RAJORA
New Delhi, 19 April

The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) is considering raising the monthly minimum wage ceiling from ₹15,000 now to improve the coverage and bring millions of informal workers under its purview. The last increase in the minimum wage ceiling was in 2014 to ₹15,000 from ₹6,500.

The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision-making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by Business Standard.

"The central government minimum wages are ₹16,000 but our wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000. [Thus] depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. [I] request that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000," Sunkari Malleshwar, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Prabhakar J Banarsur, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year.



INSIDE THE MEET

- The wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000
- Millions of workers expected to benefit with the enhanced wage ceiling
- Proposal to raise minimum pension to ₹3,000 to tackle inflation
- Actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension to be shared in the next meeting

as the minimum wage in many states is in the range of ₹22,000-₹25,000.

"This will help in coverage of many workers who are deprived of provident fund benefits," he said. This applies to employees in various companies, particularly in the cement industry, according to Banarsur.

Even the Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC), which provides healthcare benefits to workers and comes under the administrative control of the labour ministry, has a higher wage ceiling of ₹21,000 since 2017.

Discussions were also held to align the wage ceilings under the two social security schemes. Among other areas, there were deliberations on increasing the minimum pension amount to ₹3,000

from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation. "The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to increasing the minimum pension and this issue [needs to be discussed with them]," another employee representative on the board Dilip Bhattacharya said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees from the current level of 20 employees.

In addition, members of the board sought quick settlement of the higher pension cases, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided that the actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

Jio Fin Q4 net rises 6% to ₹311 crore

PRES TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 19 April

Jio Financial Services on Friday reported a 6 per cent increase in consolidated net profit to ₹311 crore for the fourth quarter ended March 2024 (Q4FY24) on the back of improvement in income.

The financial services company, demerged from Reliance Industries, had reported a profit of ₹294 crore for the December quarter (Q3FY24).

On an annual basis, the company's consolidated net profit jumped multi-fold to ₹1,605 crore in FY24 against ₹31 crore in the preceding financial year, Jio Financial



Services said in a regulatory filing. Its revenue improved marginally to ₹418 crore from ₹414 crore in Q3FY24. Its expenses also increased marginally to ₹103 crore against ₹99 crore in Q3.

Earlier this week, Jio Financial announced a \$0.50 joint venture with BlackRock for setting up a wealth management and broking business.

The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMC is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund house.

In the implementation stage, it noted. With regard to its payments bank, it introduced debit cards and launched a revamped Digital Savings Account.

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Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SANJEEV MUKHERJEE
New Delhi, 19 April

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The Grain Ethanol Manufacturers Association (GEMA), in a recent letter to the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, also said that all the existing storage facilities at the units are full and no further tankage is available.

Decantation is the process of separating a solid and liquid mixture, or separating mixtures of immiscible liquids.

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The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to six billion litres by the end of FY-2024-25.

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Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.44 billion litres have been received.

Of this, sugarcane-based sources have contributed around 1.26 billion litres (around 56.25 per cent) while grain-based sources have contributed 0.98 billion litres. India has targeted to blend 20 per cent ethanol with petrol by 2025.

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In sugarcane, it is either through sugarcane juice or syrup, then B-heavy molasses and C-heavy molasses. There is a different procurement price for ethanol produced from each source.

The NBCC's board discussed the proposal to set up a shadow lender (NBCC) later this year to lower its borrowing costs for key infrastructure projects, according to two sources.

The construction and real estate developer estimates the move will help it save \$108 million in interest costs over the next two years, said the sources.

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But the government asked Tesla to first manufacture the vehicles in India rather than

import them from China and then talk about duty cuts.

By 2022 it was clear that Musk had decided to put his India plans in cold storage. In May, he said he would not set up manufacturing in any location unless he was allowed to sell and service cars. He reallocated his India team to other countries.

But a meeting in New York with Modi in June in 2023 led to Musk saying afterwards "I am a fan of Modi" and the rekindling of his India plans. A month before the meeting, top Tesla executives had come to India to look at doubling sourcing and had met senior government officials.

Eventually, a solution was thrashed out which both protected domestic car makers and allowed Tesla to enter the country. A new policy for electric vehicles slashed imports on cars with a CIF value of ₹35,000. In return, car makers had to invest a minimum of \$500 million over three years on a plant in India with domestic value addition rising to 50 per cent in five years.

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Musk also was compelled to return his starlink services for India and applied for the licence but only for business-to-business services and not to link homes in the country (point-to-point) like its competitors One Web and Reliance. But Starlink may have to wait for months to begin services. Apart from the licence, it has to get authorisation from the space regulator.

And telecom regulator "That is why" to suggest the administered price for satellite operators.

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INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Under Regulation 36A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

- Name of the Corporate Debtor along with PAN/INLLP No. **Four Care Hospital Private Limited PAN: ANSCF20290 CIN: U85191MH2019PTC02050**
- Address of the registered office **802, Parkview Kary, 6th Floor, Marolli Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India https://fchpi.stellarinsolvency.com/**
- URL of website **Mumbai**
- Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located **Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra-Total Capacity: 13 Beds**
- Installed capacity of main products/services **Turnover: Rs. 2,73,30,720/- (NR Two Crores Seventy Three Lakhs Three Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY 2021-22.**
- Number of employees/workmen **Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9**
- Further details including last available financial statements (with schedules) of two years, lists of creditors, relevant dates for subsequent events of the process are available at: **For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com Visit website: https://fchpi.stellarinsolvency.com/**
- Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 25(3)(b) of the Code is available at: **For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com Visit website: https://fchpi.stellarinsolvency.com/**
- Last date for receipt of provisional list of interest **19th June 2024**
- Date of issue of expression of list of prospective resolution applicants **20th June 2024**
- Last date for submission of objections to provisional list **04th July 2024**
- Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants **14th July 2024**
- Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants **19th July 2024**
- Last date for submission of resolution plans **19th August 2024**
- Process email ID to submit **fourcare.sip@gmail.com**

Date: 20.04.2024
Place: Mumbai

UVAL
URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
Address: Shop No. 329, Avtar, Nirmal Colony, L. S. S. Marg, Malad (W), Mumbai-400 080 INDIA
Tel. No. +91 22 2585 1555, Email id - info@uravilamps.com, Website - www.uravilamps.com

CONVENEED TO THE POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE DATED 15th APRIL 2024

The Shareholders of URAVI T and Wedge Lamps Limited.

Uravi T and Wedge Lamps Limited ("Company") had issued a Postal Ballot Notice dated 15th April, 2024 together with the explanatory statement to the shareholders of the Company, pursuant to the provisions of Section 110 read with Section 108 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 23 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-G) and other applicable laws and regulations, for seeking approval of shareholders of the Company by way of postal balloting through tendering by way of postal ballot process.

This company is being issued in continuation of the postal ballot notice dated 15th April, 2024 to the shareholders of the Company to provide alternate details in the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice.

The Existing content shall stand replaced with the following content:

- The offer price of the equity share warrant was erroneously disclosed as ₹ 300/- (Rs. three hundred only) in the resolution and the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice. The revised minimum issue price / issue price of the said equity share warrants will be ₹ 300/- (Rs. Three Hundred and Thirty Only).
- Point No. 2 will be read as Up to 15,00,000 Warrants, convertible into 15,00,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each, to be issued at a minimum issue price of ₹ 300/- per Share Warrant (including premium of ₹ 10/- on face value) (Minimum Issue Price).
- Point No. 3 will be read as, "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the registered valuer, Valuers/Adv. LLP in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2015. The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Reg. 184 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.
- The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 49,50,00,000 (Rs. forty-nine crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000 (Rs. forty-five crore only).
- Point No. 4 will of the explanatory statement "Name of the registered valuer" will be revised to Val. Co. India Advisors LLP, Registered Valuer/Entry SEBI Registration No. ISB/RV/IC/070224/01, Address: 401, Purna Plaza, opp. Adani Electricity, Shilpada Road, Borivali West, Mumbai-400 092. Email: jaram@vau.com.in.

The same will also be available on the website of the Company at: <http://www.uravilamps.com>, National Securities Depository Limited at <http://www.evoting.nsdl.com> and on the website of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at <http://www.bseindia.com> and National Stock Exchange Limited at <http://www.nseindia.com>.

This corrigendum should be read in continuation of and in conjunction with the said Postal Ballot Notice, the contents of the said notice, save and except as amended / modified by this Corrigendum, shall remain unchanged.

Date: 19.04.2024
Place: Mumbai

FOR URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
Niral Damji Gada
Managing Director & CEO
(CIN: 0851882)

Four Care Hospital Private Limited
(Under IBC, 2016)

Authorised Signatory
IR/PR/P

HDFC
ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

HDFC Asset Management Company Limited
CIN: L65991MH1999PLC123027

Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 165-166, Backbay Reclamation, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020. Phone: 022 6631 6333 • Fax: 022 6658 0203
E-mail: shareholders.relations@hdfclnd.com • Website: www.hdfclnd.com

EXTRACT OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Particulars	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Net profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	340.84	1,942.69	376.17	1,423.37
Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	541.41	1,940.82	376.56	1,423.75
Equity share capital	106.74	106.74	106.71	106.71
Other Equity (including revaluation reserve) as at March 31,		6,988.27		6,001.11
Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹ 5 each)				
Basic (₹):	25.33	91.00	17.63	66.72
Diluted (₹):	25.25	90.89	17.62	66.71

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF HDFC ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (STANDALONE INFORMATION):

Particulars	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Profit before tax	678.08	2,478.19	491.78	1,870.61
Profit after tax	541.09	1,945.88	376.20	1,423.92

Notes:

- The above standalone and consolidated results of the Company have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 19th April, 2024. The standalone and consolidated results have been subject to audit by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Annual Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended. The full format of the Quarterly / Annual Financial Results are available on www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and www.hdfclnd.com.

Navneet Munot | MD & CEO
CIN: 05247228

Place: Mumbai | Date: April 19, 2024

Minimum wage cap: EPFO mulls hike after 10 years

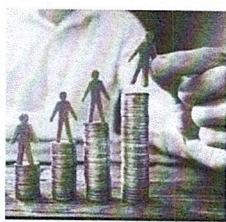
SHIVA RAJORA
New Delhi, 19 April

The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) is considering raising the monthly minimum wage ceiling from ₹15,000 now to improve the coverage and bring millions of informal workers under its purview. The last increase in the minimum wage ceiling was in 2014 to ₹15,000 from ₹6,500.

The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision-making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by *Business Standard*.

"The central government minimum wages are ₹18,000, but our wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000, [thus] depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. [I] request that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000," Sunkari Mallesham, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for its over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Prabhakar J Banasura, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year,



INSIDE THE MEET

■ The wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000

■ Millions of workers expected to benefit with the enhanced wage ceiling

■ Proposal to raise minimum pension to ₹3,000 to tackle inflation

■ Actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension to be shared in the next meeting

as the minimum wage in many states is in the range of ₹22,000- ₹25,000.

"This will help in coverage of many workers who are deprived of provident fund benefits," he said. This applies to employees in various companies, particularly in the cement industry, according to Banasura.

Even the Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC), which provides healthcare benefits to workers and comes under the administrative control of the labour ministry, has a higher wage ceiling of ₹21,000 since 2017.

Discussions were also held to align the wage ceilings under the two social security schemes. Among other areas, there were deliberations on increasing the minimum pension amount to ₹3,000

from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation. "The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to treating the minimum pension and this issue [needs] to be discussed with them," another employee representative on the board Dilip Bhattacharya said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees from the current level of 20 employees.

In addition, members of the board sought quick settlement of the higher pension cases, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided that as an interim measure on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

Jio Fin Q4 net rises 6% to ₹311 crore

PREST TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 19 April

Jio Financial Services on Friday reported a 6 per cent increase in consolidated net profit to ₹311 crore for the fourth quarter ended March 2024 (Q4FY24) on the back of improvement in income.

The financial services company, demerged from Reliance Industries, had reported a profit of ₹294 crore for the December quarter.

On an annual basis, the company's consolidated net profit jumped multi-fold to ₹1,605 crore in FY24 against ₹31 crore in the preceding financial year, Jio Financial



Services said in a regulatory filing. Its revenue improved marginally to ₹418 crore from ₹414 crore in Q3FY24. Its expenses also increased marginally to ₹103 crore against ₹99 crore in Q3.

Earlier this week, Jio Financial announced a \$0.50 joint venture with BlackRock for setting up a wealth management and broking business.

The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMC is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund house.

It is in the implementation stage, it noted. With regard to its payments bank, it has introduced debit cards and launched a revamped Digital Savings Account. Shares of Jio Financial Services closed at ₹370 apiece, down 2.17 per cent.

Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SANJEEV MUKHERJEE
New Delhi, 19 April

The grain-based ethanol makers have complained that they are being forced to shut down some of their units as inadequate decantation and tankerage infrastructure at the depots of oil marketing companies (OMCs) is affecting the supply chain.

The Grain Ethanol Manufacturers Association (GEMA), in a recent letter to the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, also said that all the existing storage facilities at the units are full and no further tankerage is available.

Decantation is the process of separating a solid and liquid mixture, or separating mixtures of immiscible liquids.

The letter also alleged that the storage and decantation facilities available at the OMCs is not even sufficient for meeting the requirements of 12 per cent blending while the government has targeted to blend 15 per cent ethanol with petrol in the 2023-24 supply year that started in November.

The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to six billion litres by the end of FY-2024-25.

Meanwhile, data showed that till end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first five months of the 2023-24 Ethanol Supply Year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent.

Of the total ethanol produced, 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been received.

Of this, sugarcane-based sources have contributed around 1.26 billion litres (around 56.25 per cent) while grain-based sources have contributed 0.98 billion litres. India has targeted to blend 20 per cent ethanol with petrol by 2025.

Ethanol is produced largely from sugarcane-based molasses or grain-based sources as feedstock in India.

In sugarcane, it is either through sugarcane juice or syrup, then B-heavy molasses and C-heavy molasses. There is a differential in market price for ethanol produced from each source.

FROM PAGE 1

AI framework on anvil...

Among other recommendations, NITI Aayog emphasised to ensure the appropriate handling of data, ensuring privacy and security through the establishment of data protection frameworks, and the creation of sectoral regulatory frameworks.

EV plant to spacetech...

The Starlink application was filed in November 2022.

It has been a roller coaster ride for Musk. In 2021, he charted out a plan for company-owned showrooms to sell imported Tesla models in India. A new company, a 100 per cent subsidiary, was incorporated in Hyderabad, India.

But soon the guidelines were drawn. Tata and Maruti Suzuki complained to the government, through industry body SIAM, that Tesla's entry via imports would create a non-level playing field, especially as domestic companies like Tata and Maruti had been subjected to stiff localisation rules.

Tesla's plan to set up single brand retail outlets also came under scrutiny. Tesla was expected to set off the sourcing of goods from India for global operations against the mandatory 30 per cent sourcing requirement. The question was whether Tesla bought enough components for its global operations to do so.

In a series of tweets, Musk ended his frustration, making it clear that India's import duty on Completely Built Up Unit vehicles of between 60-100 per cent was the highest in the world. He wanted it lowered to 40 per cent. He also wanted a differential in duty structure for electric vehicles and ICE because imposing similar duties "was inconsistent with climate goals".

But the government asked Tesla to first manufacture the vehicles in India rather than

import them from China and then talk about duty cuts.

By 2022 it was clear that Musk had decided to put his India plans in cold storage. In May, he said he would not set up manufacturing in any location unless he was allowed to sell and service cars. He reallocated his India team to other countries.

But a meeting in New York with Modi in June 2023 led to Musk saying afterwards "I am a fan of Modi" and the rekindling of his India plans.

A month after the meeting, top Tesla executives had come to India to look at doubling sourcing and had met senior government officials.

Eventually, a solution was thrashed out which both protected domestic car makers and allowed Tesla to enter the country. A new policy for electric vehicles slashed imports on cars with a CIF value of \$35,000. In return, car makers had to invest a minimum of \$500 million over the next year on a plant in India with domestic value addition rising to 50 per cent in five years.

Musk also faced fierce challenges in rolling out his satellite broadband services. Starlink put together an ambitious plan in 2021 to open up 200,000 of its devices out of which 80 per cent would be in rural areas by December 2022.

But the plan never took off. Rather, it got into a serious mess when the Department of Telecommunications revoked Starlink for taking pre-bookings of \$99 from 5,000 odd customers even though it had failed to receive its GMPSC licence which it needed to operate in India.

It was forwarded to return the money and Musk's friend from PayPal, Sanjay Bhargava, who headed the operation, decided to quit in December 2021.

Musk also was compelled to re-tweak his strategy for India and applied for the licence but only for business-to-business services and not to link homes in the country (point-to-point) like its competitors One Web and Reliance. But Starlink may have to wait for months to begin services. Apart from the licence, it has to get authorisation from the space regulator. And, telecom regulator Trai is yet to suggest the administrative price for satellite operators.

FORM G (VERSION-2)
INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR
FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING
IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Debtors of India)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

<p>1. Name of the Corporate Debtor along with PAN/CIN/LLP No.</p> <p>2. Address of the registered office</p> <p>3. URL of website</p> <p>4. Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located</p> <p>5. Installed capacity of main products/services</p> <p>6. Quantity & value of main products/services sold in last financial year</p> <p>7. Number of employees/workmen</p> <p>8. Further details including last available financial statements (with schedule) of two years, lists of creditors, relevant dates for subsequent events of the process are available at:</p> <p>9. Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 25(2)(h) of the Code is available at:</p> <p>10. Last date for receipt of expression of interest</p> <p>11. Date of issue of provisional list of creditors/rehabilitation applicants</p> <p>12. Last date for submission of objections to provisional list</p> <p>13. Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants</p> <p>14. Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants</p> <p>15. Last date for submission of resolution plan</p>	<p>Four Care Hospital Private Limited PAN: AAASR3300 CIN: U51909MH2017PTC20050</p> <p>502, Parashva Kunj, 6th Floor, Malviya Road, Wile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India https://fcpl.stellarinsolvency.com/</p> <p>Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra- Total Capacity: 13 Beds Turnover- Rs. 3,73,33,720/- (INR Two Crores Seventy-Three Lakhs Seven Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY 2021-22.</p> <p>Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9</p> <p>For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com https://fcpl.stellarinsolvency.com/</p> <p>For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com Visit website: https://fcpl.stellarinsolvency.com/</p> <p>19th June 2024</p> <p>04th July 2024</p> <p>14th July 2024</p> <p>19th July 2024</p> <p>18th August 2024</p> <p>fourcare.sip@gmail.com</p> <p>fourcare.sip@gmail.com</p> <p>fourcare.sip@gmail.com</p> <p>fourcare.sip@gmail.com</p> <p>fourcare.sip@gmail.com</p>
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Proposed price to be submitted by the prospective resolution applicants: ₹150 Crores

Date: 20.04.2024
Place: Mumbai

Rajin Garg
Resolution Professional of Four Care Hospital Private Limited (Under CIRP)
Sudhakar S. S. 5th Floor, 207, Embassy Convent, Juhu Road, Mumbai-400021
Nariman Point, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400021

UVAL

URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
CIN: L15202MH2004PLC24765

Address: Shop No. 328, Aloor, Normal Galaxy, L.B.S. Marg, Mulund (W), Mumbai-401 080 INDIA
Tel. No: +91 22 2665 1355; Email id: info@uravilamps.com; Website: www.uravilamps.com

CONTRIBUTION TO THE POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE DATED 15th APRIL, 2024

The Shareholders of URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED.

Uravi T and Wedge Lamps Limited (Company) had issued a Postal Ballot Notice dated 15th April, 2024 together with the explanatory statement to the shareholders of the Company, pursuant to the provisions of Section 110 read with Section 168 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force, Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-7) and other applicable laws and regulations, for seeking approval of shareholders of the Company by way of special resolutions through remote voting by way of postal ballot process.

This compendium is being issued in continuation of the postal ballot notice dated 15th April, 2024 to the shareholders of the Company to provide altered details in the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice.

The Existing content shall stand replaced with the following content:

- The offer price of the equity share warrant was erroneously disclosed as ₹ 300/- (Rs. Three hundred only) in the resolution and the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice. The revised minimum issue price / issue price of the said equity share warrant will be ₹ 200/- (Rs. Two Hundred and Twenty Only).
- Point No. 2 will be read as up to 15,00,000 Warrants, convertible into 18,00,00,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each, to be issued at a minimum issue price of INR 200/- per share warrant (including premium of INR 30/- on face value) (Minimum Issue Price).
- Point No. 3 will be read as, "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the regional value: Valuations Advisors LLP, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2019".
- The issue price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Para 164 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.
- The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 48,50,00,000 (Rs. forty-eight crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000 (Rs. forty-five crore).

Point No. 4 will of the explanatory statement, "Name of the registered value" will be read to Valuations Advisors LLP Registered Valuer Entry 1888 Registration No. 8888/VAL/2022/157. Address: 4/1, Purna Plaza, opp. Adani Electricity, Shreepath Road, Borivali West, Mumbai-401 080 Email: info@valuations.com.

The same will also be available on the website of the Company at: <http://www.uravilamps.com>, National Securities Depository Limited at www.nsdl.com and on the website of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and National Stock Exchange Limited at www.nseindia.com.

This compendium should be read in continuation of and in conjunction with the said Postal Ballot notice, and the said notice, read as except as amended / modified by this Compendium, shall prevail.

FOR URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
Niraj Damji wale
Managing Director & CEO
CIN: 00519933
Registered Office

Date: 20 April, 2024
Place: Mumbai

IRP/RP

HDFC
ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

HDFC Asset Management Company Limited
CIN: L65991MH1999PLC123027

Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 185-186, Backbay Reclamation, Churnagele, Mumbai - 400 020. Phone: 022 6561 5333 | Fax: 022 6558 0203
E-mail: shareholders.relations@hdfcltd.com | Website: www.hdfcltd.com

EXTRACT OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Particulars	₹ (in Crore)			
	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Quarter Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Net profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	540.84	1,942.69	376.17	1,423.37
Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	541.41	1,940.82	376.56	1,423.75
Equity share capital	106.74	106.74	106.71	106.71
Other Equity (excluding revaluation reserve) as at March 31,	6,968.27	6,968.27	6,968.27	6,001.11
Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹ 5 each)				
Basic (₹):	25.33	91.00	17.83	66.72
Diluted (₹):	25.25	90.89	17.62	66.71

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF HDFC ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (STANDALONE INFORMATION):

Particulars	₹ (in Crore)			
	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Quarter Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Profit before tax	678.09	2,478.19	491.78	1,870.61
Profit after tax	541.09	1,945.88	376.20	1,423.92

Notes:

- The above standalone and consolidated results of the Company have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 19, 2024. The standalone and consolidated results have been subject to audit by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Annual Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended. The full format of the Quarterly / Annual Financial Results are available on www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and www.hdfcltd.com.

Navneet Munot | MD & CEO
DIN: 05247228

Place: Mumbai | Date: April 19, 2024

NBCC to set up shadow lender to help save over \$100 mn

State-run NBCC plans to set up its own non-banking finance company (NBFC) later this year to lower its borrowing costs for key infrastructure projects, according to two sources.

The construction and real estate developer estimates the move will help it save \$108 million in interest costs over the next two years, said the sources.

NBCC's shares rose as much as 1.8 per cent, set to break a five-session losing streak, after the Reuters report. They were last up about 1 per cent at ₹125.95 rupees each.

The Indian government owns infrastructure financial institutions but no other state-run company has created a unit to help it finance projects.

The NBCC's board discussed the proposal to set up a shadow lender in March, the sources said. The main structure of the NBFC will be decided after June, the second source said.

NBCC will seek approval for the shadow bank from the new administration that will be elected in June, at the end of the seven-phase national polls that started on Friday.

The company will also need a license from the Reserve Bank of India, which it has not yet applied for.

REUTERS

Minimum wage cap: EPFO mulls hike after 10 years

SHIVA RAJORA
New Delhi, 19 April

The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) is considering raising the monthly minimum wage ceiling from ₹15,000 now to improve the coverage and bring millions of informal workers under its purview. The last increase in the minimum wage ceiling was in 2014 to ₹15,000 from ₹6,500.

The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision-making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by Business Standard.

"The central government minimum wages are ₹18,000, but our wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000, [thus] depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. It requests that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000," Sunkari Malleshram, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for its over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Prabhakar J Banasara, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year,



INSIDE THE MEET

■ The Wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000

■ Millions of workers expected to benefit with the enhanced wage ceiling

■ Proposal to raise minimum pension to ₹3,000 to tackle inflation

■ Actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension to be shared in the next meeting

as the minimum wage in many states is in the range of ₹22,000-₹25,000.

"This will help in coverage of many workers who are deprived of provident fund benefits," he said. This applies to employees in various companies, particularly in the cement industry, according to Banasara.

Even the Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC), which provides healthcare benefits to workers and comes under the administrative control of the labour ministry, has a higher wage ceiling of ₹21,000 since 2017.

Discussions were also held to align the wage ceilings under the two social security schemes. Among other areas, there were deliberations on increasing the minimum pension amount to ₹3,000

from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation. The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to increasing the minimum pension and this issue [needs to be discussed with them], another employee representative on the board Dilip Rihatacharya said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees from the current level of 20 employees.

In addition, members of the board sought quick settlement of the higher pension cases, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided that a higher report on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

Jio Fin Q4 net rises 6% to ₹311 crore

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 19 April

Jio Financial Services on Friday reported a 6 per cent increase in consolidated net profit to ₹311 crore for the fourth quarter ended March 2024 (Q4FY24) on the back of improvement in income.

The financial services company, demerged from Reliance Industries, had reported a profit of ₹294 crore for the December quarter (Q3FY24).

On an annual basis, the company's consolidated net profit jumped multi-fold to ₹1,605 crore in FY24 against ₹31 crore in the preceding financial year, Jio Financial



Services said in a regulatory filing. Its revenue improved marginally to ₹418 crore from ₹414 crore in Q3FY24. Its expenses also increased marginally to ₹103 crore against ₹99 crore in Q3.

Earlier this week, Jio Financial announced a 50:50 joint venture with BlackRock for setting up a wealth management and broking business.

The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMC is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund house.

It is in the implementation stage, it noted. With regard to its payments bank, it has introduced debit cards and launched a revamped Digital Savings Account. Shares of Jio Financial Services closed at ₹370 apiece, down 2.17 per cent.

Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SANJEEV MUKHERJEE
New Delhi, 19 April

The grain-based ethanol makers have complained that they are being forced to shut down some of their units as inadequate decantation and tankerage infrastructure at the depots of oil marketing companies (OMCs) is affecting the supply chains.

The Grain Ethanol Manufacturers Association (GEMA), in a recent letter to the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, also said that all the existing storage facilities at the units are full and to further tankerage is available.

Decantation is the process of separating a solid and liquid mixture, or separating mixtures of immiscible liquids.

The letter also alleged that the storage and decantation facilities available with the OMCs is not even sufficient for meeting the requirements of 12 per cent blending while the government has targeted to blend 15 per cent ethanol with petrol in the 2023-24 Supply Year that started in November.

The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to a billion litres by the end of FY-2024-25.

Meanwhile, data showed that till end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first five months of the 2023-24 Ethanol Supply Year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent.

Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been received.

Of this, sugarcane-based sources have contributed around 1.26 billion litres (around 56.25 per cent) while grain-based sources have contributed 0.98 billion litres. India has targeted to blend 20 per cent ethanol with petrol by 2025.

Ethanol is produced largely from sugarcane-based molasses or grain-based sources as feedstock in India. In sugarcane, it is either through sugarcane juice or syrup, then H-beavy molasses and D-beavy molasses. There is a different procurement price for ethanol produced from each source.

FROM PAGE 1

AI framework on anvil...

Among other recommendations, NITI Aayog emphasised the appropriate naming of data, ensuring privacy and security through the establishment of data protection frameworks, and the creation of sectoral regulatory frameworks.

EV plant to spacetech...

The Starlink application was filed in November 2022. It has been a roller coaster ride for Musk in 2023. In May, he said he would not set up manufacturing in any location unless he was allowed to sell and service cars. The reallocated his India team to other countries.

But a meeting in New York with Modi in June 2023 led to Musk saying afterwards "I am a fan of Modi" and the rekindling of his India plans. A month before the meeting, top Tesla executives had come to India to look at doubling sourcing and had met senior government officials.

Eventually, a solution was thrashed out which both protected domestic car makers and allowed Tesla to enter the country. A new policy for electric vehicles slashed imports on cars with a CIF value of \$35,000. In return, car makers had to invest a minimum of \$500 million over three years on a plant in India with domestic value addition rising to 50 per cent in five years.

Musk also faced serious challenges in rolling out his satellite broadband services. Starlink put together an ambitious plan in 2021 to operate 200,000 of its devices out of which 80 per cent would be in rural areas by December 2022. But the plan never took off.

Rather, it got into a serious mess when the Department of Telecommunications rebuked Starlink for taking pre-bookings of \$99 from 5,000 odd customers even though it had failed to receive its GMPSC licence which it needed to operate in India.

It was forced to return the money and Musk's friend from PayPal, Sanjay Bhargava, who headed the operation, decided to quit in December 2021.

Musk also was compelled to re-tweak his strategy for India and applied for the licence but only for business-to-business services and not link homes in the country (point-to-point) like its competitors One Web and Reliance. But Starlink may have to wait for months to get business services and the licence, it has to get authorisation from the space regulator. And, telecom regulator Trai is yet to suggest the administered price for satellite operators.

But the government asked Tesla to first manufacture the vehicles in India rather than

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FORM G (VERSION-2)
INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR
FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING
IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate - Personal Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

1. Name of the Corporate Debtor along with PAN/VIN/LLP No.	Four Care Hospital Private Limited PAN: AABSR3320C CIN: U65101MH2011PT1022050
2. Address of the registered office	802, Parasara Kary, 6th Floor, Marina Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India https://fcpl.stellarinsolvency.com/
3. URL of website	Mumbai
4. Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located	Mumbai
5. Installed capacity of main product/services	Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra-Titled Capacity - 19 Beds Turnover: Rs. 2,13,33,723/- (NR Two Crores Seventy-Three Lakhs Seven Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY: 2021-22.
6. Quantity & value of main product/services sold in last financial year	Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9
7. Number of employees/workmen	Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9
8. Further details including last available financial statements (with schedule) of two years, list of creditors, relevant dates for subsequent events of the process are available at:	For details, please contact at: fourcare.spl@gmail.com Visit website: https://fcpl.stellarinsolvency.com/
9. Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 25(2)(b) of the Code is available at:	For details, please contact at: fourcare.spl@gmail.com Visit website: https://fcpl.stellarinsolvency.com/
10. Last date for receipt of expression of interest	19th June 2024
11. Date of issue of provisional list of prospective resolution applicants	29th June 2024
12. Last date for submission of objections to provisional list	04th July 2024
13. Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants	14th July 2024
14. Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants	19th July 2024
15. Last date for submission of resolution plan	18th August 2024
16. Process aimed to submit a resolution plan to the Corporate Debtor	fourcare.spl@gmail.com

601-602
Resolutions Professionals for Corporate Personal Insolvency (Under CIRP)
Reg. No. BSR/IN/2011/PP-02/2017/2021/13624
Suite No. 6, 6th Floor, 207, Embassy Centre, Jammalal Bajaj Marg, Nariman Point, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400021

Date: 20.04.2024
Place: Mumbai

UVAL
URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
CIN: L15001MH2007PL147670
Address: Shop No. 328, Ameer Normal Gallery, L. S. S. Marg, Malad (W), Mumbai-400 083 INDIA
Tel. No.: +91 22 2665 1355, Email ID: info@uravilamps.com, Website: www.uravilamps.com

CORRESPONDENCE TO THE POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE DATED 15th APRIL, 2024

The Shareholders of URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED, Uravi T and Wedge Lamps Limited ("Company") had issued a Postal Ballot Notice dated 15th April, 2024 together with the explanatory statement to the shareholders of the Company pursuant to the provisions of Section 110 together with Section 108 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the three being in force, Special Resolution on General Meeting (SR&C) and other applicable laws and regulations, for seeking approval of shareholders of the Company by way of special resolutions through remote voting by way of postal ballot process.

This correspondence is being issued in continuation of the postal ballot notice dated 15th April, 2024 to the shareholders of the Company to provide alternate details in the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice.

The Existing content shall stand replaced with the following content:

- The offer price of the equity share warrant was erroneously disclosed as ₹ 300/- (Rs. Three hundred only) in the resolution and the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice. The revised minimum issue price/ Issue price of the said equity share warrants will be ₹ 330/- (Rs. Three Hundred and Thirty Only).
- Point No. 2 will be read as up to 15,00,000 Warrants, convertible into 15,00,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each, to be issued at a minimum issue price of INR 330/- per Share Warrant (including premium of INR 20/- on face value). (Minimum Issue Price).
- Point No. 3 will be read as, "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report prepared by the registered valuer, ValiGurus Advisors LLP in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2015.
- The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Reg. 164 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.
- The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 49,50,00,000 (Rs. forty-nine crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000 (Rs. forty-five crore only).
- Point No. 4 will of the explanatory statement "Name of the registered valuer" will be revised to ValiGurus Advisors LLP, Registered Valuer Entry SEBI Registration No. BSR/IN/2023/167, Address: 401, Purna Plaza, opp. Adani Electricity, Shimpda Road, Borivali West, Mumbai-400 099. Email: jaram@valigurus.com.

The same will also be available on the website of the Company at: <http://www.uravilamps.com> and on the website of the National Stock Exchange of India at www.nseindia.com and on the website of the National Securities Depository Limited at www.nsdl.com and National Stock Exchange Limited at www.nseindia.com.

This correspondence is issued in continuation of and in conjunction with the said Postal Ballot notice. All other contents of the said notice, save and except as amended / modified by this Correspondence, shall remain unchanged.

Niraj Damji Gada
Managing Director & CEO
CIN: 02519320

Date: 20 April 2024
Place: Mumbai

Authorised Signatory

HDFC
ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

HDFC Asset Management Company Limited
CIN: L65991MH1999PLC123027

Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 165-166, Backbay Reclamation, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020. Phone: 022 6631 6333 • Fax: 022 6656 0203
E-mail: shareholders.relations@hdfcfund.com • Website: www.hdfcfund.com

EXTRACT OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024		Year Ended March 31, 2024	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Net profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	540.84	1,942.69	376.17	1,423.37
Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	541.41	1,940.82	376.56	1,423.75
Equity share capital	106.74	106.74	106.71	106.71
Other Equity (excluding revaluation reserve) as at March 31,		6,968.27		6,001.11
Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹ 5 each)				
Basic (₹):	25.33	91.00	17.63	66.72
Diluted (₹):	25.25	90.89	17.62	66.71

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF HDFC ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (STANDALONE INFORMATION):

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024		Year Ended March 31, 2024	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Profit before tax	679.09	2,478.19	491.78	1,870.61
Profit after tax	541.09	1,945.88	376.20	1,423.92

Notes:

- The above standalone and consolidated results of the Company have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 19, 2024. The standalone and consolidated results have been subject to audit by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Annual Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended. The full format of the Quarterly / Annual Financial Results are available on www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and www.hdfcfund.com.

Naveet Munot | MD & CEO
DIN: 02547228

Place: Mumbai | Date: April 19, 2024

NBCC to set up shadow lender to help save over \$100 mn

State-run NBCC plans to set up its own non-banking finance company (NBFC) later this year to lower its borrowing costs for key infrastructure projects, according to two sources.

The construction and real estate developer estimates the move will help it save \$108 million in interest costs over the next two years, said the sources.

NBCC's shares rose as much as 1.8 per cent, set to break a five-session losing streak, after the Reuters report. They were last up about 1 per cent at ₹125.95 rupees each.

The Indian government owns infrastructure financial institutions but no other state-run company has created a unit to help it finance projects.

The NBCC's board discussed the proposal to set up a shadow lender in March, one source said. The main structure of the NBFC will be decided after June, the second source said.

NBCC will seek approval for the shadow bank from the new administration that will be elected in June, at the end of the seven-phase national polls that started on Friday.

The company will also need a license from the Reserve Bank of India, which it has not yet applied for.

REUTERS

Minimum wage cap: EPFO mulls hike after 10 years

SHIVA RAORA
New Delhi, 19 April

The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) is considering raising the monthly minimum wage ceiling from ₹15,000 now to improve the coverage and bring millions of informal workers under its purview. The last increase in the minimum wage ceiling was in 2014 to ₹15,000 from ₹6,500.



INSIDE THE MEET

- The wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000
- Millions of workers expected to benefit with the enhanced wage ceiling
- Proposal to raise minimum pension to ₹3,000 to tackle inflation
- Actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension to be shared in the next meeting

The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by business standard.

"The central government minimum wages are ₹18,000, but our wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000, [thus] depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. [I] request that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000," Sunkari Malleshram, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for its over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Prabhakar J Banasara, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year.

as the minimum wage in many states is in the range of ₹22,000-₹25,000.

"This will help in coverage of many workers who are deprived of provident fund benefits," he said. This applies to employees in various companies, particularly in the cement industry, according to Banasara.

Even the Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC), which provides healthcare benefits to workers and comes under the administrative control of the labour ministry, has a higher wage ceiling of ₹21,000 since 2017.

Discussions were also held to align the wage ceilings under the two social security schemes. Among other areas, there were deliberations on increasing the minimum pension amount to ₹3,000

from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation.

"The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to increasing the minimum pension and this issue [needs to be discussed with them]," another employee representative on the board Dilip Bhattacharya said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees from the current level of 20 employees.

In addition, members of the board sought quick settlement of the highest pension cases, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided that the actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

Jio Fin Q4 net rises 6% to ₹311 crore

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 19 April

Jio Financial Services on Friday reported a 6 per cent increase in consolidated net profit to ₹311 crore for the fourth quarter ended March 2024 (Q4FY24) on the back of improvement in income.

The financial services company, department of Reliance Industries, had reported a profit of ₹294 crore for the December quarter (Q3FY24).

On an annual basis, the company's consolidated net profit jumped multi-fold to ₹1,605 crore in FY24 against ₹103 crore in the preceding financial year, Jio Financial



Services said in a regulatory filing. Its revenue improved marginally to ₹418 crore from ₹414 crore in Q3FY24. Its expenses also increased marginally to ₹103 crore against ₹99 crore in Q3.

Earlier this week, Jio Financial announced a 50:50 joint venture with BlackRock for setting up a wealth management and broking business.

The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMG is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund house.

In the implementation stage, it noted. With respect to its payment bank, it has introduced debit cards and launched a revamped Digital Savings Account. Shares of Jio Financial Services closed at ₹370 apiece, down 2.17 per cent.

Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SAJIB MUKHERJEE
New Delhi, 19 April

The grain-based ethanol makers have complained that they are being forced to shut down some of their units as inadequate decantation and tankerage infrastructure at the depots of oil marketing companies (OMCs) is affecting the supply chains.

The Grain Ethanol Manufacturers' Association (GEMA), in a recent letter to the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, also said that all the existing storage facilities at the units are full and no further tankerage is available.

Decantation is the process of separating a solid and liquid mixture, or separating mixtures of immiscible liquids.

The letter also alleged that the storage and decantation facilities available with the OMCs is not even sufficient for meeting the requirements of 12 per cent blending while the government has targeted to blend 15 per cent ethanol with petrol in the 2023-24 Supply Year that started in November.

The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to 6 billion litres by the end of FY-2025.

Meanwhile, data showed that till end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first five months of the 2023-24 Ethanol Supply Year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent.

Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been received.

Of this, sugarcane-based sources have contributed around 1.26 billion litres (around 56.25 per cent) while grains based sources have contributed 0.98 billion litres. India has targeted to blend 20 per cent ethanol with petrol by 2025.

Ethanol is produced largely from sugarcane-based molasses or grain-based molasses as feedstock in India. In sugarcane, it is either through sugarcane juice or syrup, then P-heavy molasses and C-heavy molasses. There is a different premium price for ethanol produced from each source.

FROM PAGE 1

AI framework on anvil...

Among other recommendations, NITI Aayog emphasised the appropriate handling of data, ensuring privacy and security through the establishment of data protection frameworks, and the creation of sectoral regulatory frameworks.

EV plant to spacetech...

The Starlink application was filed in November 2022. It has been a roller coaster ride for Musk. In 2021, he charted out a plan for company-owned showrooms to sell imported Tesla models in India. A new company, a 100 per cent subsidiary, was incorporated in Bengaluru—Tesla India Motors and Energy Private Ltd. It received government homologation certificates, which meant clearance for roadworthiness for Model 3 and Model Y of Tesla.

But soon the battleships were drawn. Tata and Maruti Suzuki complained to the government, through industry body SIAM, that Tesla's entry via imports would create a non-level playing field, especially as domestic companies like themselves had been subjected to stiff localisation rules.

Tesla's plan to set up single brand retail outlets also came under scrutiny. Tesla was expected to set off the sourcing of goods from India for global operations against the mandatory 30 per cent sourcing requirement. The question was whether Tesla would have enough components for its global operations to do so.

In a series of tweets, Musk expressed his frustration, making it clear that India's import duty on Completely Built Up Unit vehicles of between 60-100 per cent was the highest in the world. He wanted it lowered to 40 per cent. He also wanted a differential customs duty structure for electric vehicles and ICE because imposing similar duties was inconsistent with climate goals.

But the government asked Tesla to first manufacture the vehicles in India rather than

import them from China and then talk about duty cuts.

By 2022 it was clear that Musk had decided to put his India plans in cold storage. In May, he said he would not set up manufacturing in any location unless he was allowed to sell and service cars. He relocated his India team to other countries.

But a meeting in New York with Modi in June in 2023 led to Musk saying afterwards "I am a fan of Modi" and the rekindling of his India plans. A month before the meeting, top Tesla executives had come to India to look at doubling sourcing and had met senior government officials.

Eventually, a solution was thrashed, which both protected domestic car makers and allowed Tesla to enter the country. A new policy for electric vehicles slashed imports on cars with a CIF value of ₹55,000. In return, car makers had to invest a minimum of ₹500 million over three years on a plant in India with domestic value addition rising to 50 per cent in five years.

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FORM G (VERSION-2)
INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Under Regulation 36A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

1. Name of the Corporate Debtor along with PAN/CIN/LLP No.	Four Care Hospital Private Limited PAN: AASCR23280 CIN: UB511M02011PTC22050
2. Address of the registered office	502, Panchsri Kirti, 5th Floor, Mahi Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India
3. URL of website	https://fchp.stellarinsolvency.com/
4. Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located	Mumbai
5. Installed capacity of main products/services	Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra- Total Capacity- 13 Beds
6. Quantity & value of main products/services sold in last financial year	Turnover- Rs. 2,73,30,720/- (NR Two Crores Seventy-Three Lakh Seven Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY 2021-22.
7. Number of employees/workmen	Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9
8. Further details including last available financial statements (with schedules) of two years, lists of creditors, relevant dates for subsequent events of the process are available at:	For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com Visit website: https://fchp.stellarinsolvency.com/
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14. Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants	19th July 2024
15. Last date for submission of resolution plans	19th August 2024
16. Process email id to submit Expression of Interest	fourcare.sip@gmail.com

Date : 20.04.2024
Place : Mumbai

Authorised Signatory
IRP/IRP HDFC
ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED
HDFC Asset Management Company Limited
CIN: L65991MH1999PLC123027
Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parelk Marg, 165-166, Backbay Reclamation, Choralgale, Mumbai - 400 020. Phone: 022 6631 6333 • Fax: 022 6658 0203
E-mail: sharholders.relations@hdfclund.com • Website: www.hdfclund.com

Date : 20 April 2024
Place : Mumbai

Niraj Dampi Gada
Managing Director & CEO
CIN: 0251692

EXTRACT OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Particulars	₹ (In Crore)			
	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Quarter Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
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Other Equity (excluding revaluation reserve) as at March 31,		6,968.27		6,001.11
Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹ 5 each)				
Basic (₹):	25.33	91.00	17.63	66.72
Diluted (₹):	25.25	90.89	17.62	66.71

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF HDFC ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (STANDALONE INFORMATION):

Particulars	₹ (In Crore)			
	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Quarter Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
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Notes:

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Navneet Munot | MD & CEO
CIN: 0507228

Place: Mumbai | Date: April 19, 2024

NBCC to set up shadow lender to help save over \$100 mn

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The construction and real estate developer estimates the move will help it save \$108 million in interest costs over the next two years, said the sources.

NBCC's shares rose as much as 1.8 per cent, set to break a five-session losing streak, after the Reuters report. They were last up about 1 per cent at ₹125.95 rupees each.

The Indian government owns infrastructure financial institutions but no other state-run company has created a unit to help it finance projects.

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REUTERS

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The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) is considering raising the monthly minimum wage ceiling from ₹15,000 now to improve the coverage and under its purview. The last increase in the minimum wage ceiling was in 2014 to ₹15,000 from ₹6,500.

The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by Business Standard.

"The central government minimum wages to workers and their wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000, thus depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. [I] request that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000," Sunil Malleshkar, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for its over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Prabhakar J Banasare, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year.



INSIDE THE MEET

■ The wage ceiling to be increased to ₹25,000

■ Millions of workers expected to benefit with the enhanced wage ceiling

■ Proposal to raise minimum pension to ₹3,000 to tackle inflation

■ Actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension to be shared in the next meeting

as the minimum wage in many states is in the range of ₹22,000-₹25,000.

"It's not that many workers who are deprived of provident fund benefits," he said. "This applies to employees in various companies, particularly in the cement industry, according to Banasare."

Even the Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC), which provides healthcare benefits to workers and comes under the administrative control of the labour ministry, has a higher wage ceiling of ₹21,000 since 2017.

Discussions were also held to align the wage ceilings under the two social security schemes. Among other areas, there were deliberations on increasing the minimum pension amount to ₹3,000

from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation.

"The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to increasing the minimum pension and this issue [needs to be discussed with them]," another employee representative on the board Dilip Bhattacharya said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees (from the current level of 20 employees).

In addition, members of the board sought a settlement of the higher pension dues, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided that the actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

FORM G (VERSION-2)
INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Under Regulation 31A(1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

- Name of the Corporate Debtor along with PIN/ICDL/PLP No. **Four Care Hospital Private Limited PAN: AAKDP2302D; CIN: L18111MH2011PTC202600**
- Address of the registered office **307, Pashupat Kirti, 5th Floor, Malviya Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India https://www.fourcarehospital.com/**
- URL of website **Mumbai**
- Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located **Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra.**
- Installed capacity of main products/services **Total Capacity: 19 Beds**
- Quantity & value of main products/services sold in last financial year **Turnover: ₹. 2,73,33,720/- (MR Two Chores Seventy-Three Leths Seven Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY 2021-22.**
- Number of employees/workmen **Total No. of Employees as on Date 9**
- Further details including last available financial statements (with schedules) of two years, lists of creditors, relevant details for subsequent events of the process are available at **For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com Visit website: https://fchpi.stellarinsolvency.com/**
- Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 25(2)(b) of the Code is available at **For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com Visit website: https://fchpi.stellarinsolvency.com/**
- Last date for receipt of expression of interest **16th June 2024**
- Date of issue of provisional list of prospective resolution applicants **20th June 2024**
- Last date for submission of objections to provisional list **04th July 2024**
- Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants **14th July 2024**
- Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants **19th July 2024**
- Last date for submission of resolution plans **16th August 2024**
- Process email id to submit Expression of Interest **fourcare.sip@gmail.com**

Resolving Professional for Four Care Hospital Private Limited (CRP)
Rajan Garg
CIN: L18111MH2011PTC202600
Office No: 307, Pashupat Kirti, 5th Floor, Malviya Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400057
Place: Mumbai

UVAL
URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
CIN: L18111MH2004PLC14769
Address: Shop No. 329, Avic, Narmad Society, L. S. Maru, Malad (W), Mumbai-400 080 INDIA. Tel. No: +91 22 2865 1355, Email id: info@uravilamps.com, Website: www.uravilamps.com

CORRIDORUM TO THE POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE DATED 15th APRIL 2024

The Shareholders of URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED (Company) had issued a Postal Ballot Notice dated 15th April 2024 together with the explanatory statement to the shareholders of the Company pursuant to the provisions of Section 110 read with Section 188 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 23 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the items being in the agenda of the Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company for the financial year 2023-24 for seeking approval of shareholders of the Company by way of special resolutions through remote voting by way of postal ballot process.

This corrigendum is being issued in continuation of the postal ballot notice dated 15th April 2024 to the shareholders of the Company to provide alternate details in the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice.

The Existing content shall stand replaced with the following content:

- The offer price of the equity share warrant was erroneously disclosed as ₹ 300/- (Rs. Three hundred only) in the resolution and the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice. The revised minimum issue price/issue price of the said equity share warrants will be ₹ 300/- (Rs. Three Hundred and Thirty Only).
- Point No. 2 will be read as Up to 15,00,000 Warrants, convertible into 15,00,00,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each, to be issued at a minimum issue price of ₹ 300/- per Share Warrant (including premium of ₹ 20/- on face value) (Minimum Issue Price).
- Point No. 3 will be read as, "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the registered valuer, Valudarius Advisors LLP in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018.
- The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Rule 184 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018.
- The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 49,50,00,000 (Rs. forty-nine crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000 (Rs. forty-five crore only).
- Point No. 4 will be read as, "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the registered valuer, Valudarius Advisors LLP in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018.
- Valudarius Advisors LLP Registered Valuer Entry Based Registration No. SBSE/RV/2023/017. Address: 461, Purna Plaza, opp. Adani Electricity, Shiroli Road, Borivli West, Mumbai-400 080. Email: j.vaidya@vadp.com.

The same will also be available on the website of the Company at: <http://www.uravilamps.com>, National Securities Depository Limited at <http://www.nsdl.com> and on the website of the Stock Exchange, Exchange L. S. Maru Limited at <http://www.bsxindia.com> and National Stock Exchange Limited at <http://www.nseindia.com>.

This corrigendum should be read in continuation of and in conjunction with the said Postal Ballot Notice. All other contents of the said notice, save and except as amended / modified by this Corrigendum, shall remain unamended.

FOR URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
Niral Damji Gada
Managing Director & CEO
CIN: 2851333
Borivli West

Date: 20 April 2024
Place: Mumbai

Jio Fin Q4 net rises 6% to ₹311 crore

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 19 April

Jio Financial Services on Friday reported a 6 per cent increase in consolidated net profit to ₹311 crore for the fourth quarter ended March 2024 (Q4FY24) on the back of improvement in income.

The financial services company, demerged from Reliance Industries, had reported a profit of ₹294 crore for the December quarter (Q3FY24).

On an annual basis, the company's consolidated net profit jumped more than three-fold to ₹1,605 crore in FY24 against ₹311 crore in the preceding financial year, Jio Financial



Services said in a regulatory filing. Its revenue improved marginally to ₹418 crore from ₹417 crore in Q3. Its expenses also increased marginally to ₹103 crore against ₹99 crore in Q3.

Earlier this week, Jio Financial announced a 60:30 joint venture with BlackRock for setting up a wealth management and broking business.

The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMC is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund houses are in the implementation stage. It noted, "With regard to its payments bank, it has introduced debit cards and launched a revamped Digital Savings Account."

Shares of Jio Financial Services closed at ₹370 apiece, down 2.17 per cent.

Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SANJEEV MUKHERJEE
New Delhi, 19 April

The grain-based ethanol makers have complained that they are being forced to shut down some of their units as inadequate decantation at the OMCs (OMCs) tankerage infrastructure at the depots of oil marketing companies (OMCs) is affecting the supply chains.

The Grain Ethanol Manufacturers Association (GEMA), in a recent letter to the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, also said that all the existing storage facilities at the units are full and no further tankerage is available.

Decantation is the process of separating a solid or liquid mixture, or separating mixtures of immiscible liquids. The letter also alleged that the storage and decantation facilities available with the OMCs is not even sufficient for meeting the requirements of 12 per cent blending while the government has targeted to blend 15 per cent ethanol with petrol in the 2023-24 Supply Year that started in November.

The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to 6 billion litres by the end of FY-2024-25. Meanwhile, data showed that till end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first five months of the 2023-24 ethanol Supply Year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent. Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been received.

Of this, sugarcane-based sources have contributed around 1.26 billion litres (20.2 per cent), while grain-based sources have contributed 0.98 billion litres. India has targeted to blend 20 per cent ethanol with petrol by 2025. Ethanol is produced largely from sugarcane-based molasses or grain-based sources as feedstock in India. In sugarcane, it is either through sugarcane juice or syrups, then heavy molasses and Cheavy molasses. There is a different procurement price for ethanol produced from each source.

NBCC to set up shadow lender to help save over \$100 mn

State-run NBCC plans to set up its own non-banking financial company (NBFC) later this year to lower its borrowing costs for key infrastructure projects, according to two sources.

The construction and real estate developer estimates the move will help it save \$108 million in interest costs over the next two years, said the sources.

NBCC's finance cost as much as 1.8 per cent, set to break a five-session losing streak, after the Reserve Bank. They were last up about 1 per cent at ₹25.95 rupees each.

The Indian government owns infrastructure financial institutions but no other state-run company has created a unit to help it finance projects.

The NBCC's board discussed the proposal to set up a shadow lender in March, the sources said. The normal structure of the NBFC will be decided after June, the second source said. NBCC will seek approval for the shadow bank from the new administration that will be elected in June, at the end of the seven-phase national polls that started on Friday.

FROM PAGE 1

AI framework on anvil...

Among other recommendations, NITI Aayog emphasised the appropriate handling of data, ensuring privacy and security through the establishment of data processing frameworks, and the creation of sectoral regulatory frameworks.

EV plant to spacetech...

The Starlink application was filed in November 2022. It has been a roller coaster ride for Musk. In 2021, he charted out a plan for company-owned showrooms to sell imported Tesla models in India. A new company, a 100 per cent subsidiary, was incorporated in Bengaluru as Tesla India Motors and Energy Private Ltd. It received government homologation certificates, which meant clearance for roadworthiness for Model 3 and Model Y of Tesla.

But soon the battlelines were drawn. Tata and Maruti Suzuki combined with the government, through industry body SIAM, that Tesla's entry via imports would create a non-level playing field, especially as domestic companies like Tata had been subjected to stiff localisation rules.

Tesla's plan to set up single brand retail outlets also came under scrutiny. Tesla was expected to set off the sourcing of goods from India for global operations against the mandatory 30 per cent sourcing requirement. The question was whether Tesla bought enough components for its global operations to do so.

In a series of tweets, Musk expressed his frustration, making it clear that India's import duty on completely built UpL Unit vehicles of between 60-100 per cent was the highest in the world. He wanted it lowered to 40 per cent. He also wanted a differential customs duty structure for electric vehicles and ICE because imposing similar duties "was inconsistent with climate goals".

But the government asked Tesla to first manufacture the vehicles in India rather than import them from China and then talk about duty cuts.

By 2022 it was clear that Musk had decided to put his India plans in cold storage. In May, he said he would not set up manufacturing in any location unless he was allowed to sell and service cars. The re-located his India team to other countries.

But a meeting in New York with Musk saying afterwards "I am a fan of Modi" and the rekindling of his India plans. A month before the meeting, top Tesla executives had come to India to look at establishing sourcing and had met senior government officials.

Eventually, a solution was thrashed out which both protected domestic car makers and allowed Tesla to enter the country. A new policy for electric vehicles slashed import duties on cars with a CIF value of \$35,000. In return, car makers had to invest a minimum of \$500 million over three years on a plant in India with domestic value-addition rising to 50 per cent in five years.

Musk also faced serious challenges in rolling out his satellite broadband services. Starlink put together an ambitious plan in 2021 to operate 200,000 of its devices out of which 80 per cent would be in rural areas by December 2022. But the plan never took off.

Rather, it got into a serious mess when the Department of Telecommunications rebuked Starlink for taking pre-bookings of \$99 from 5,000 odd customers even though it had failed to receive its GMPSC licence which it needed to operate in India.

It was forced to return the money and Musk's friend from Prayag, Sanjay Bhargava, who headed the operation, decided to quit in December 2021.

Musk also was compelled to re-tweak his strategy for India and applied for the licence but only for business-to-business services and not to link homes in the country (point-to-point) like its competitors One Web and Reliance. But Starlink may have to wait for months to begin services. Apart from the licence, it has to get authorisation from the space regulator. And, telecom regulator Trai is yet to suggest the administrative price for satellite operators.

Four Care Hospital Private Limited (Under CIRP)
Rajan Garg
CIN: L18111MH2011PTC202600
Office No: 307, Pashupat Kirti, 5th Floor, Malviya Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400057
Place: Mumbai

Authorised Signatory
HDFC IRP/RP
ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED
HDFC Asset Management Company Limited
CIN: L65991MH1999PLC123027
Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 165-166, Backbay Reclamation, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020. Phone: 022 6653 6333 • Fax: 022 6658 0203
E-mail: shareholders_relations@hdfcfund.com • Website: www.hdfcfund.com

EXTRACT OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Quarter Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Net profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	540.04	1,942.09	376.17	1,423.37
Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	541.41	1,940.82	376.56	1,423.75
Equity share capital	106.74	106.74	106.71	106.71
Other Equity (excluding revaluation reserve) as at March 31,		6,968.27		6,001.11
Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹ 5 each)				
Basic (₹):	25.33	91.00	17.63	66.72
Diluted (₹):	25.25	90.89	17.62	66.71

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF HDFC ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (STANDALONE INFORMATION):

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Quarter Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Profit before tax	678.09	2,478.19	491.78	1,870.61
Profit after tax	541.09	1,945.88	376.20	1,423.92

Notes:

- The above standalone and consolidated results of the Company have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 19, 2024. The standalone and consolidated results have been subject to audit by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Annual Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended. The full format of the Quarterly / Annual Financial Results are available on www.bsxindia.com, www.nseindia.com, and www.bseindia.com.

Navneet Munot | MD & CEO
CIN: 05247228

Place: Mumbai | Date: April 19, 2024

Minimum wage cap: EPFO mulls hike after 10 years

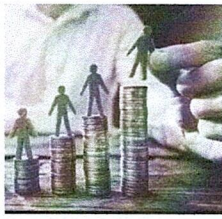
SHIVA RAJORA
New Delhi, 19 April

The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) is considering raising the monthly minimum wage ceiling from ₹15,000 now to improve the coverage and bring millions of informal workers under its purview. The last increase in the minimum wage ceiling was in 2014 to ₹15,000 from ₹6,500.

The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by Business Standard.

"The central government minimum wages are ₹15,000, but our wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000, [thus] depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. [I] request that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000," Sunkari Malleshwar, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for its over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Prabhakar J Banasura, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year.



INSIDE THE MEET

The wage ceiling is expected to benefit with the enhanced wage ceiling

Proposal to raise minimum pension to ₹3,000 to tackle inflation

Actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension to be shared in the next meeting

as the minimum wage in many states is in the range of ₹22,000-₹25,000.

"This will help in coverage of many workers who are deprived of provident fund benefits," he said. This applies to employees in various companies, particularly in the cement industry, according to Banasura.

Even the Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC), which provides healthcare benefits to workers and comes under the administrative control of the labour ministry, has a higher wage ceiling of ₹21,000 since 2017.

Discussions were also held to align the wage ceilings under the two social security schemes. Among other areas, there were deliberations on increasing the minimum pension amount to ₹3,000

from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation. "The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to increasing the minimum pension and this issue [needs to be discussed with them]," another employee representative on the board Dilip Bhattacharya said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees from the current level of 20 employees.

In addition, members of the board sought quick settlement of the high-pension cases, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided that the actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

Jio Fin Q4 net rises 6% to ₹311 crore

PRES TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 19 April

Jio Financial Services on Friday reported a 6 per cent increase in consolidated net profit to ₹311 crore for the fourth quarter ended March 2024 (Q4FY24) on the back of improvement in income.

The financial services company, demerged from Reliance Industries, had reported a profit of ₹294 crore for the December quarter (Q3FY24).

On an annual basis, the company's consolidated net profit jumped multi-fold to ₹1,605 crore in FY24 against ₹31 crore in the preceding financial year. Jio Financial



Services said in a regulatory filing.

Its revenue improved marginally to ₹418 crore from ₹414 crore in Q3FY24. Its expenses also increased marginally to ₹103 crore against ₹99 crore in Q3.

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The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMC is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund house.

In the implementation stage, it noted. With regard to its payments bank, it has introduced debit cards and launched a revamped Digital Savings Account. Shares of Jio Financial Services closed at ₹370 apiece, down 2.17 per cent.

Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SANJEEV MUKHERJEE
New Delhi, 19 April

The grain-based ethanol makers have complained that they are being forced to shut down some of their units as inadequate decantation and tankage infrastructure at the depots of oil marketing companies (OMCs) is affecting the supply chains.

The Grain Ethanol Manufacturers Association (GEMA), in a recent letter to the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, also said that all the existing storage facilities at the units are full and no further tankage is available.

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The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to a billion litres by the end of FY-2024-25. Meanwhile, data showed that till end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first five months of the 2023-24 Ethanol Supply Year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent. Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been received.

Of this, sugarcane-based sources have contributed around 1.26 billion litres (around 56.25 per cent) while grain-based sources have contributed 0.98 billion litres. India has targeted to blend 20 per cent ethanol with petrol by 2025.

Ethanol is produced largely from sugarcane-based molasses or grain-based sources as feedstock in India. In sugarcane, it is either through sugarcane juice or syrup, then through molasses and C-heavy molasses. There is a different procurement price for ethanol produced from each source.

The NBCC's board discussed the proposal to set up a shadow lender in March, one source said. The NBCC will be decided after June, the second source said. NBCC will seek approval from the shadow bank from the new administration that will be elected in June, at the end of the seven-phase national polls that started on Friday.

The company will also need a license from the Reserve Bank of India, which it has not yet applied for.

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Put a meeting in New York with Modi in June in 2022 led Musk to quickly saying "I am a fan of Modi" and the rekindling of his India plans. A month before the meeting, top Tesla executives had come to India to look at doubling sourcing and had met senior government officials.

Eventually, a solution was thrashed out which both protected domestic car makers and allowed Tesla to enter the country. A new policy for electric vehicles slashed imports on cars with a CIF value of ₹35,000. In return, car makers had to invest a minimum of \$500 million over three years on a plant in India with domestic value addition rising to 50 per cent in five years.

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FORM G (VERSION-2)
INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Under Regulation 36A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

- Name of the Corporate Debtor along with PAN/INLLP No. **Four Care Hospital Private Limited PAN: AASFC2330J CIN: U85101MH2011PT0230650**
- Address of the registered office **302, Parkings Kuri, 6th Floor, Malviya Road, Vile Parda (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400027, India**
- URL of website **https://fchpl.stellarinsolvency.com/**
- Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located **Mumbai**
- Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located **Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra-Total Capacity- 13 Beds**
- Quantity & value of main products/services sold in last financial year **Turnover- Rs. 2,73,20,720/- (NR Two Crores Seventy-Three Lakhs Seven Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY. 2021-22.**
- Number of employees/workmen **Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9**
- Further details including last available financial statements (with schedules) of two years, lists of creditors, relevant dates for subsequent events of the process are available at: **For details, please contact at: fourcare.sipl@gmail.com Visit website: https://fchpl.stellarinsolvency.com/**
- Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 26(2)(b) of the Code is available at: **For details, please contact at: fourcare.sipl@gmail.com Visit website: https://fchpl.stellarinsolvency.com/**
- Last date for receipt of expression of interest **19th June 2024**
- Date of issue of provisional list of prospective resolution applicants **29th June 2024**
- Last date for submission of objections to provisional list **04th July 2024**
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- Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants **19th July 2024**
- Last date for submission of resolution plans **18th August 2024**
- Process email id to submit Expression of Interest **fourcare.sipl@gmail.com**

Date : 20.04.2024
Place: Mumbai

UVAL
URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
CIN: LU5502M2006PLC43780
Address : Shop No. 329, Anand Nagar, Ghaty, L. S. Marg, Malad (W), Mumbai-400 080 INDIA
Tel. No. : +91 22 2656 1855, Email ID : info@uravilamps.com, Website : www.uravilamps.com

CONTRIBUTOR TO THE POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE DATED 15th APRIL, 2024

The Shareholders of URUVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED, Uravi T and Wedge Lamps Limited ("Company") had issued a Postal Ballot Notice dated 15th April, 2024 together with the explanatory statement to the shareholders of the Company, pursuant to the provisions of Section 113 read with Section 108 and other applicable provisions, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force, Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SSG-G) and other applicable laws and regulations, for seeking approval of shareholders of the Company by way of postal resolutions through remote voting by way of postal ballot process.

The Company is hereby issuing in continuation of the postal ballot notice dated 15th April, 2024 to the shareholders of the Company to provide alternate dates in the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice.

The existing content shall stand replaced with the following content:

- The offer price of the equity share warrant was erroneously disclosed as ₹ 300/- (Rs. three hundred only) in the resolution and the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice. The revised "minimum issue price" / "issue price" of the said equity share warrants will be ₹ 300/- (Rs. Three Hundred and Thirty Only).
- Point No. 2 will be read as up to 15,00,000 Warrants, convertible into 15,00,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each, to be issued at a minimum issue price of ₹81.880/- per Share Warrant (including premium of ₹10/- on face value) ("Minimum Issue Price").
- Point No. 3 will be read as, "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the registered valuer, Vallabhdas Advisors LLP in accordance with the provisions of Section V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2014. The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Para 154 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations."
- The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 49,50,00,000/- (Rs. forty-nine crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000/- (Rs. forty-five crore only).
- Point No. 4 will of the explanatory statement, "Name of the registered valuer" will be revised to Vallabhdas Advisors LLP (Registered Valuer Since 1988 Registration No. BSBVVC02020197, Address: 401, Purna Plaza, opp. Adani Electricity, Shilphig Road, Bandiv West, Mumbai-400 092, Email : jlanam@valad.com.in).

The same will also be available on the website of the Company at: <http://www.uravilamps.com>, National Securities Depository Limited at www.nsdl.com and on the website of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at <http://www.bseindia.com> and National Stock Exchange Limited at www.nseindia.com.

This corrigendum should be read in continuation of and in conjunction with the said Postal Ballot notice. All other contents of the said notice, save and except as amended / modified by this Corrigendum, shall remain in force.

FOR URUVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED
Niraj Damji Gada
Managing Director & CEO
DIN: 00516932
Date : 20 April 2024
Place : Mumbai

Four Care Hospital Private Limited
Resolution Professional for Four Care Hospital Private Limited Under CIRP
Sole Member of the Committee of Creditors, Four Care Hospital Private Limited
Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400021

Date : 20.04.2024
Place: Mumbai

Authorised Signatory
IRP/RP **HDFC**
ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED
HDFC Asset Management Company Limited
CIN: L65991MH1999PL123027

Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 165-168, Backbay Reclamation, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020. Phone: 022 6631 6333 + Fax: 022 6558 0203
E-mail: shareholders.relations@hdfclund.com + Website: www.hdfclund.com

EXTRACT OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Particulars	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Net profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	540.84	1,942.89	376.17	1,423.37
Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	541.41	1,940.82	376.56	1,423.75
Equity share capital	106.74	106.74	106.71	106.71
Other Equity (excluding revaluation reserve) as at March 31,		6,988.27		6,001.11
Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹ 5 each)				
Basic (₹):	25.33	91.00	17.63	66.72
Diluted (₹):	25.25	90.89	17.62	66.71

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF HDFC ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (STANDALONE INFORMATION):

Particulars	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Profit before tax	679.09	2,478.19	491.78	1,870.61
Profit after tax	541.09	1,945.88	376.20	1,423.92

Notes:

- The above standalone and consolidated results of the Company have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 19, 2024. The standalone and consolidated results have been subject to audit by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Annual Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended. The full format of the Quarterly / Annual Financial Results is available on www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and www.hdfclund.com.

Navneet Munot | MD & CEO
DIN: 05247228
Place: Mumbai | Date: April 19, 2024

Minimum wage cap: EPFO mulls hike after 10 years

SHIVA RAJORA
New Delhi, 19 April

The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) is considering raising the monthly minimum wage ceiling from ₹15,000 now to improve the coverage and bring millions of informal workers under its purview. The last increase in the minimum wage ceiling was in 2014 to ₹15,000.

The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision-making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by Business Standard.

"The central government minimum wages are ₹18,000, but our wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000, thus depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. I request that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000," Sunkari Malesham, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for its over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Drabhiakar J Banarsur, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year.



INSIDE THE MEET

- The wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000
- Millions of workers expected to benefit with the enhanced wage ceiling
- Proposal to raise minimum pension to ₹3,000 to tackle inflation
- Actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension to be shared in the next meeting

as the minimum wage in many states is in the range of ₹22,000-₹25,000.

"This will help in coverage of many workers who are deprived of provident fund benefits," he said. This applies to employees in various companies, particularly in the cement industry, according to Banarsur.

Even the Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC), which provides healthcare benefits to workers and comes under the administrative control of the labour ministry, has a higher wage ceiling of ₹21,000 since 2017.

Discussions were also held to align the wage ceilings under the two social security schemes. Among other areas, there were deliberations on increasing the minimum pension amount to ₹3,000

from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation. "The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to increasing the minimum pension and this issue needs to be discussed with them," another employee representative on the board Dilip Bhattacharya said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees from the current level of 20 employees.

In addition, members of the board sought quick settlement of the higher pension cases, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided that the actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

Jio Fin Q4 net rises 6% to ₹311 crore

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 19 April

Jio Financial Services on Friday reported a 6 per cent increase in consolidated net profit to ₹311 crore for the fourth quarter ended March 2024 (Q4FY24) on the back of improvement in income.

The financial services company, demerged from Reliance Industries, had reported a profit of ₹294 crore for the December quarter (Q3FY24).

On an annual basis, the company's consolidated net profit jumped multi-fold to ₹1,605 crore in FY24 against ₹31 crore in the preceding financial year. Jio Financial



Services said in a regulatory filing. Its revenue improved marginally to ₹418 crore from ₹414 crore in Q3FY24. Its expenses also increased marginally to ₹103 crore against ₹99 crore in Q3.

Earlier this week, Jio Financial announced a ₹50-50 joint venture with BlackRock for setting up a wealth management and broking business.

The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMC is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund house.

It is in the implementation stage, it noted. With regard to its parent's hand, it has revamped Digital Savings Account.

Shares of Jio Financial Services closed at ₹370 apiece, down 2.17 per cent.

Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SANJEEV KUMHREE
New Delhi, 19 April

The grain-based ethanol makers have complained that they are being forced to shut down some of their units as inadequate decantation and tankerage infrastructure at the depots of retail marketing companies (OMCs) is affecting the supply chains.

The Grain Ethanol Manufacturers Association (GEMA), in a recent letter to the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, also said that all the existing storage facilities at the units are full and no further tankerage is available.

Decantation is the process of separating a solid and liquid mixture, or separating mixtures of immiscible liquids.

The letter also alleged that the storage and decantation facilities available with the OMCs is not even sufficient for meeting the requirements of 12 per cent blending while the government has targeted to blend 15 per cent ethanol with petrol in the 2023-24 Supply Year that started in November.

The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so

far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to six billion litres by the end of FY-2024-25.

Meanwhile, data showed that till end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first five months of the 2023-24 Ethanol Supply Year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent.

Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been received.

Of this, sugarcane-based sources have contributed around 1.26 billion litres (around 56.25 per cent) while grains based sources have contributed 0.98 billion litres. India has targeted to blend 20 per cent ethanol with petrol by 2025.

Ethanol is produced largely from sugarcane-based molasses or grain-based sources as feedstock in India.

In sugarcane, it is either through sugarcane juice or syrup, then B-heavy molasses and C-heavy molasses. There is a different procurement price for ethanol produced from each source.

The letter also alleged that the storage and decantation facilities available with the OMCs is not even sufficient for meeting the requirements of 12 per cent blending while the government has targeted to blend 15 per cent ethanol with petrol in the 2023-24 Supply Year that started in November.

The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have so

NBCC to set up shadow lender to help save over \$100 mn

State-run NBCC plans to set up its own non-banking finance company (NBFC) later this year to lower its borrowing costs for key infrastructure projects, according to two financial institutions. The construction and real estate developer estimates the move will help it save \$108 million in interest costs over the next two years, said the sources.

NBCC's shares rose as much as 1.8 per cent, set to break a five-session losing streak, after the Reuters report. They were last up about 1 per cent at ₹25.95 rupees each.

The Indian government owns infrastructure financial institutions but no other state-run company has created a unit to help it finance projects.

The NBCC's board discussed the proposal to set up a shadow lender in March, the sources said. The main structure or the NBFC will be decided after June, the second source said.

NBCC will seek approval for the shadow bank from the new administration that will be elected in June, at the end of the seven-phase national polls that started on Friday.

The company will also need a license from the Reserve Bank of India, which it has not yet applied for.

FROM PAGE 1

AI framework on anvil...

Among other recommendations, NITI Aayog emphasised the appropriate handling of data, ensuring privacy and security through the establishment of data protection framework and the creation of sectoral regulatory frameworks.

EV plant to spacetech...

The Starlink application was filed in November 2022. It has been a roller coaster ride for Musk. In 2021, he charted out a plan for company-owned showrooms to sell imported Tesla models in India. A new policy for electric vehicles was incorporated in Bengaluru-Tesla India Motors and Energy Private Ltd. It received government homologation certificates, which meant clearance for road operations for Model 3 and Model Y of Tesla.

But soon the battleships were drawn. Tata and Maruti Suzuki complained to the government, through industry body SIAM, that Tesla's entry via imports would create a non-level playing field, especially as domestic companies like themselves had been subjected to stiff localization rules.

Tesla's plan to set up single brand retail outlets also came under scrutiny. Tesla was expected to set up the sourcing of goods from India for global operations against the mandatory 30 per cent sourcing requirement. The question was whether Tesla would have enough components for its global operations to set up.

In a series of tweets, Musk expressed his frustration, making it clear that India's Import Unit on Completely Built Up (CBU) vehicles of between 60-100 per cent was the highest in the world. He wanted it lowered to 40 per cent. He also wanted a differential customs duty structure for electric vehicles and ICE because imposing similar duties "was inconsistent with climate goals".

But the government asked Tesla to first manufacture the vehicles in India rather than

import them from China and then talk about duty cuts.

By 2022 it was clear that Musk had decided to put his India plans in cold storage. In May, he said he would not set up manufacturing in any location unless he was allowed to sell and service cars. He reallocated his India team to other countries.

But a meeting in New York with Modi in June in 2023 led to Musk saying afterwards "I am a fan of Modi" and the rekindling of his India plans. A month before the meeting, top Tesla executives had come to India to look at doubling sourcing and had met senior government officials.

Eventually, a solution was thrashed out which both protected domestic car makers and allowed Tesla to enter the country. A new policy for electric vehicles slashed imports on cars with a CIF value of \$35,000. In return, car makers had to invest a minimum of \$500 million over three years on a plant in India with domestic value addition rising to 50 per cent in five years.

Musk also faced serious challenges in rolling out his satellite broadband services. Starlink put together an ambitious plan in 2021 to operate 200,000 of its devices out in rural areas by December 2022. But the plan never took off.

Rather, it got into a serious mess when the Department of Telecommunications rebuked Starlink for taking pre-bookings of \$99 from 5,000 odd customers even though it had failed to receive its GMPSC licence which it needed to operate in India.

It was forced to return the money and Musk's friend from PayPal, Sanjay Bhargava, who headed the operation, decided to quit in December 2021.

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FORM G (VERSION-2) INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA

(Under Regulation 36A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS	
1. Name of the Corporate Debtor along with PAN/CIN/PL No.	Four Care Hospital Private Limited PAN: AAACF8390J CIN: U85110MH2011PT1220020
2. Address of the registered office	802, Parkings Kuri, 6th Floor, Malviya Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India https://digi.stellarinsolvency.com/
3. URL of website	Mumbai
4. Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located	Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra-Total Capacity: 13 Beds
5. Installed capacity of main products/services	Turnover: ₹ 2,73,30,720/- (NR Two Crores Seventy-Three Lakhs Seven Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY. 2021-22.
6. Quantity & last financial year services sold in last financial year	Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9
7. Number of employees/workmen	For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com
8. Further details including last available financial statements (with schedules) of two years, lists of creditors, relevant dates for subsequent events of the process are available at:	Visit website: https://digi.stellarinsolvency.com/
9. Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 25(2)(h) of the Code is available at:	For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com
10. Last date for receipt of expression of interest	Visit website: https://digi.stellarinsolvency.com/ 19th June 2024
11. Last date of issue of provisional list of prospective resolution applicants	23th June 2024
12. Last date for submission of information memorandum, resolution matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants	04th July 2024
13. Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants	14th July 2024
14. Date of issue of information memorandum, resolution matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants	19th July 2024
15. Last date for submission of resolution plans	18th August 2024

Date: 20.04.2024
Place: Mumbai

URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED

Address: Shop No. 329, Airoli, Nival Gokul, L. S. & Maru, Malad (W), Mumbai-400 083 INDIA
Tel. No. : +91 22 2945 1355 Email Id : info@uravilamps.com, Website : www.uravilamps.com

CONTRIBUTION TO THE POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE DATED 15th APRIL, 2024

The Shareholders of URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED, Uravi T and Wedge Lamps Limited ("Company") had issued a Postal Ballot Notice dated 15th April, 2024 together with the explanatory statement to the shareholders of the Company, pursuant to the provisions of Section 113 together with Section 108 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SSG-G) and other applicable laws and regulations, for seeking approval of shareholders of the Company by way of special resolutions through remote voting by way of postal ballot process.

This contribution is being issued in continuation of the postal ballot notice dated 15th April, 2024 to the shareholders of the Company to provide altered details in the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice.

The Existing content shall stand replaced with the following content:

- The offer price of the equity share warrant was erroneously disclosed as ₹ 200/- (Rs. Three Hundred Only) in the resolution and the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice. The revised minimum issue price/ issue price of the said equity share warrants will be ₹ 200/- (Rs. Three Hundred and Twenty Only).
- Point No. 2 will be read as: "Up to 15,00,000 Warrants, convertible into 15,00,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each, to be issued at a minimum issue price of INR 350/- per Share Warrant (including premium of INR 320 on face value) (Minimum Issue Price)".
- Point No. 3 will be read as: "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the registered valuer, Valuations Advisors LLP in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 'V' of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2015".
- The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Rule 164 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.
- The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 4,85,00,000 (Rs. forty-five crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000 (Rs. forty-five crore only).
- Point No. 4 will be read as: "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the registered valuer, Valuations Advisors LLP in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 'V' of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2015".

The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Rule 164 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.

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The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Rule 164 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.

The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 4,85,00,000 (Rs. forty-five crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000 (Rs. forty-five crore only).

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The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Rule 164 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.

The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 4,85,00,000 (Rs. forty-five crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,

Minimum wage cap: EPFO mulls hike after 10 years

SHIVA RAJORA
New Delhi, 19 April

The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) is considering raising the monthly minimum wage ceiling from ₹15,000 now to improve the coverage and bring millions of informal workers under its purview. The last increase in the minimum wage ceiling was in 2014 to ₹15,000 from ₹6,500.

The issue has been discussed in successive central board of trustees (CBT) meetings, which is the apex decision making body of the social security organisation, according to the minutes of the meetings seen by Business Standard.

"The central government minimum wages are ₹18,000, but our wage ceiling since 2014 is still ₹15,000, [thus] depriving many contractual workers from social security benefits. [I] request that the wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000," Sunakar Malleshwar, one of the employee representatives in the CBT, proposed when the board had met to decide the interest rate for its over 290 million subscribers in February, earlier this year.

Prabhakar J Banasur, another employee representative on the board, had also suggested raising the limit to ₹25,000 in the October meeting last year.



INSIDE THE MEET

- The wage ceiling be increased to ₹25,000
- Millions of workers expected to benefit with the enhanced wage ceiling
- Proposal to raise minimum pension to ₹3,000 to tackle inflation
- Actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension to be shared in the next meeting

as the minimum wage in many states is in the range of ₹22,000-₹25,000.

"This will help in coverage of many workers who are deprived of provident fund benefits," he said. This applies to employees in various companies, particularly in the cement industry, according to Banasur.

Even the Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESIC), which provides healthcare benefits to workers and comes under the administrative control of the labour ministry, has a higher wage ceiling of ₹21,000 since 2017.

Discussions were also held to align the wage ceilings under the two social security schemes. Among other areas, there were deliberations on increasing the minimum pension amount to ₹3,000

from ₹1,000 due to the rising inflation. "The Ministry of Finance had raised objections to increasing the minimum pension and this issue [needs to] be discussed with them," another employee representative on the board Dilip Bhattacharya said.

Another proposal was to bring down the threshold limit for establishments to come under the purview of the social security organisation to 10 employees from the current level of 20 employees.

In addition, members of the board sought quick settlement of the higher pension cases, according to the minutes of the meeting. And it was decided that the actuarial report on impact assessment of higher pension would be shared in the next meeting.

Jio Fin Q4 net rises 6% to ₹311 crore

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 19 April

Jio Financial Services on Friday reported a 6 per cent increase in consolidated net profit to ₹311 crore for the fourth quarter ended March 2024 (Q4FY24) on the back of improvement in income.

The financial services company, demerged from Reliance Industries, had reported a profit of ₹294 crore for the December quarter (Q3FY24).

On an annual basis, the company's consolidated net profit jumped multi-fold to ₹1,605 crore in FY24 against ₹1 crore in the preceding financial year, Jio Financial



Services said in a regulatory filing. Its revenue improved marginally to ₹418 crore from ₹414 crore in Q3FY24. Its expenses also increased marginally to ₹103 crore against ₹99 crore in Q3.

Earlier this week, Jio Financial announced a joint venture with BlackRock for setting up a wealth management and broking business.

The company and BlackRock have already agreed to form a joint venture to enter into the asset management industry. Top-level hiring for AMG is in progress, it said, adding that infrastructure and tech platforms identified for the fund house.

It is in the implementation stage, it noted. With regard to its payments bank, it has introduced debit cards and launched a revamped Digital Savings Account.

Shares of Jio Financial Services closed at ₹370 apiece, down 2.17 per cent.

Poor infra at OMCs hurting supplies: Ethanol makers

SANJEEV MUKHERJEE
New Delhi, 19 April

The grain-based ethanol makers have complained that they are being forced to shut down some of their units as inadequate decantation and tankerage infrastructure at the depots of oil marketing companies (OMCs) is affecting the supply chains.

The Grain Ethanol Manufacturers Association (GEMA), in a recent letter to the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, also said that all the existing storage facilities at the units are full and no further tankerage is available.

Decantation is the process of separating a solid and liquid mixture, or separating mixtures of immiscible liquids.

The letter also alleged that the storage and decantation facilities available with the OMCs is not even sufficient for meeting the requirements of 12 per cent blending while the government has targeted to blend 15 per cent ethanol with petrol in the 2023-24 Supply Year that started in November.

The letter said that grain-based ethanol makers have

far put up an annual capacity of four billion litres, which will go up to 6 billion litres by the end of FY-2024-25. Meanwhile, data showed that till end of March 31, 2024 that is in the first five months of the 2023-24 ethanol supply year that started in November, India has achieved a national average blending of 11.96 per cent.

Out of the total required 6.22 billion litres of ethanol for 2023-24, till March 31, 2024 around 2.24 billion litres have been decanted.

Of this, sugarcane-based sources have contributed around 1.26 billion litres (around 56.25 per cent) while grains based sources have contributed 0.98 billion litres. India has targeted to blend 20 per cent ethanol with petrol by 2025.

Ethanol is produced largely from sugarcane-based molasses or grain-based sources as feedstock in India.

In sugarcane, it is either through sugarcane juice or syrup, then heavy molasses and C-heavy molasses. There is a different procurement price for ethanol produced from each source.

► FROM PAGE 1

AI framework on anvil...

Among other recommendations, NITI Aayog emphasised the appropriate handling of data, ensuring privacy and security through the establishment of data protection frameworks, and the creation of sectoral regulatory frameworks.

EV plant to spacetech...

The Starlink application was filed in November 2022.

It has been a roller coaster ride for Musk. In 2021, he charted out a plan for company-owned showrooms to sell imported Tesla models in India. A new company, a 100 per cent subsidiary, was incorporated in Bengaluru—Tesla India Motors and Energy Private Ltd. It received government homologation certificates, which meant clearance for roadworthiness for Model 3 and Model Y of Tesla.

But soon the battlelines were drawn. Tata and Maruti Suzuki complained to the government, through industry body SIAM, that Tesla's entry via imports would create a non-level playing field, especially as domestic companies like themselves had been subjected to stiff localisation rules.

Tesla's plan to set up single brand retail outlets also came under scrutiny. Tesla was expected to set off the sourcing of goods from India for global operations against the mandatory 30 per cent sourcing requirement. The question was whether Tesla bought enough components for its global operations to do so.

In a series of tweets, Musk expressed his frustration, making it clear that India's import duty on Completely Built Up Unit vehicles of between 60-100 per cent was the highest in the world. He wanted it lowered to 40 per cent. He also wanted a differential customs duty structure for electric vehicles and ICE because imposing similar duties "was inconsistent with climate goals".

But the government asked Tesla to first manufacture the vehicles in India rather than

import them from China and then talk about duty cuts.

By 2022 it was clear that Musk had decided to put his India plans in cold storage. In May, he said he would not set up manufacturing in any location unless he was allowed to sell and service cars. He reallocated his India team to other countries.

But a meeting in New York with Musk in June in 2023 led to Musk saying afterwards "I am a fan of Modi" and the rekindling of his India plans. A month before the meeting, top Tesla executives had come to India to look at doubling sourcing and had met senior government officials.

Eventually, a solution was thrashed out which both protected domestic car makers and allowed Tesla to enter the country. A new policy for electric vehicles slashed imports on cars with a CIF value of ₹35,000. In return, car makers had to invest a minimum of ₹500 million over three years on a plant in India with domestic value addition rising to 80 per cent in five years.

Rather, it got into a serious mess when the Department of Telecommunications rebuked Starlink for taking pre-bookings of ₹99 from 5,000 odd customers even though it had failed to receive its GMPSC licence which it needed to operate in India.

It was forced to return the money and Musk's friend from PayPal, Sanjay Bhargava, who headed the operation, decided to quit in December 2021.

Musk also was compelled to re-tweak his strategy for India and applied for the licence but only for business-to-business services and not to link homes in the country (point-to-point) like its competitors One Web and Reliance. But Starlink may have to wait for months to begin services. Apart from one licence, it has to get authorisation from the space regulator. And, telecom regulator Trai is yet to suggest the administered price for satellite operators.

FORM G (VERSION-2)
INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Under Regulation 36A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

<p>1. Name of the Corporate Debtor along with PAN/INLP No. Four Care Hospital Private Limited PAN: ANSC62330C CIN: UB8191M2019PT1C20030</p> <p>2. Address of the registered office 507, Parkview Kurla, 5th Floor, Malviya Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400027, India. https://fcpl.stellarinsolvency.com/</p> <p>3. URL of website Mumbai</p> <p>4. Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra- Total Capacity: 13 Beds</p> <p>5. Installed capacity of main products/services Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra- Total Capacity: 13 Beds</p> <p>6. Quantity & value of main products/services sold in last financial year Turnover: Rs. 2,73,33,720/- (NR Two Crores Seventy Three Lakhs Seven Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY. 2021-22.</p> <p>7. Number of employees/workmen Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9</p> <p>8. Further details including last available financial statements (with schedules) of two years, list of creditors, relevant dates for subsequent events of the process are available at: For details, please contact at: fourcare.sipi@gmail.com Visit website: https://fcpl.stellarinsolvency.com/</p> <p>9. Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 23(2)(b) of the Code is available at: For details, please contact at: fourcare.sipi@gmail.com Visit website: https://fcpl.stellarinsolvency.com/</p> <p>10. Last date for receipt of expression of interest 19th June 2024</p> <p>11. Date of issue of provisional list of prospective resolution applicants 29th June 2024</p> <p>12. Last date for submission of objections to provisional list 04th July 2024</p> <p>13. Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants 14th July 2024</p> <p>14. Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plan to prospective resolution applicants 19th July 2024</p> <p>15. Last date for submission of resolution plans 19th August 2024</p> <p>16. Process email id to submit Expression of Interest fourcare.sipi@gmail.com</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">UVAL URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED CIN: LU1509M2004PL143762 Address: Shop No. 329, A/101, Nand Gidya, L. B. S. Marg, Malad (W), Mumbai-400 033 INDIA. Tel. No. : +91 22 2855 1535, Email id : info@uravilamps.com Website : www.uravilamps.com</p> <p style="text-align: center;">CONCORDIUM TO THE POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE DATED 15th APRIL, 2024</p> <p>13. The Shareholders of URAVI T and Wedge Lamps Limited, Uval T and Wedge Lamps Limited ("Company") had issued a Postal Ballot Notice dated 15th April, 2024 together with the explanatory statement to the shareholders of the Company, pursuant to the provisions of Section 110 read with Section 108 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) Regulations, 2015, and other applicable laws and regulations for seeking approval of shareholders of the Company by way of special resolutions through remote voting by way of postal ballot process.</p> <p>This concordium is being issued in continuation of the postal ballot notice dated 15th April, 2024 to the shareholders of the Company to provide altered details in the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice.</p> <p>The Entire content shall stand replaced with the following content:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The offer price of the equity share warrant was erroneously disclosed as ₹ 300/- (Rs. Three hundred only) in the resolution and the explanatory statement of the said postal ballot notice. The revised minimum issue price / issue price of the said equity share warrants will be ₹ 300/- (Rs. Three Hundred and Thirty Only). • Point No. 2 will be read as Up to 15,00,000 Warrants, convertible into 15,00,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each, to be issued at a minimum issue price of INR 300/- per Share Warrant (including premium of INR 20/- on face value) (Minimum Issue Price). • Point No. 3 will be read as, "The per share warrant price is determined on the basis of the valuation report received from the registered valuer, Valuations Advisors LLP in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2015." • The Issue Price is higher than the floor price prescribed under Reg. 164 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations. • The revised aggregate amount of consideration will also be revised to ₹ 49,50,00,000 (Rs. forty nine crore fifty lakhs only) from ₹ 45,00,00,000 (Rs. forty five crore only). • Point No. 4 will be the explanatory statement "Name of the registered valuer" will be revised to Valuations Advisors LLP Registered Valuer SEBI Registration No. BS25R0070300167. Address: 401, Plaza Pura, op. Adan Electricity, Shimpda Road, Borival West, Mumbai-400 060. Email: jamun@valugroup.in. <p>The same will also be available on the website of the Company at: http://www.uravilamps.com, National Securities Depository Limited at www.nsdl.com and on the website of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at http://www.bseindia.com and National Stock Exchange Limited at www.nseindia.com.</p> <p>This concordium shall be read in continuation of and in conjunction with the said Postal Ballot Notice. All other contents of the said notice, save and except as amended / modified by this Concordium, shall remain unchanged.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">For URAVI T AND WEDGE LAMPS LIMITED Niraj Damji Gada Managing Director & CEO DIN: 0251832 Date: 20.04.2024 Place: Mumbai</p>
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Authorised Signatory
IRP/RP
HDFC
ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

HDFC Asset Management Company Limited
CIN: L65991MH1999PLC123027

Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 165-166, Backbay Reclamation, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020. Phone: 022 6631 6333 • Fax: 022 6658 0203
E-mail: shareholders_relations@hdfcfund.com • Website: www.hdfcfund.com

EXTRACT OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024		Year Ended March 31, 2024	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Net profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	678.84	2,475.02	491.75	1,870.06
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	540.64	1,942.69	376.17	1,423.37
Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	541.41	1,940.82	376.56	1,423.75
Equity share capital	106.74	106.74	106.71	106.71
Other Equity (excluding revaluation reserve) as at March 31,		6,968.27		6,001.11
Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹ 5 each)				
Basic (₹):	25.33	91.00	17.63	66.72
Diluted (₹):	25.25	90.89	17.62	66.71

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF HDFC ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (STANDALONE INFORMATION):

Particulars	Quarter Ended March 31, 2024		Year Ended March 31, 2024	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total income from operations (Revenue from operations)	695.43	2,584.37	540.95	2,166.81
Profit before tax	679.09	2,478.19	491.78	1,870.61
Profit after tax	541.09	1,945.88	376.20	1,423.92

Notes:

- The above standalone and consolidated results of the Company have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 19, 2024. The standalone and consolidated results have been subject to audit by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Annual Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended. The full format of the Quarterly / Annual Financial Results are available on www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and www.hdfcfund.com.

Navneet Munot | MD & CEO
DIN: 6247228

Place: Mumbai | Date: April 19, 2024

NBCC to set up shadow lender to help save over \$100 mn

State-run NBCC, plans to set up its own non-banking financial company (NBFC) later this year to lower the working costs for key infrastructure projects, according to two sources.

The construction and real estate developer estimates the move will help it save \$108 million in interest costs over the next two years, the sources said.

NBCC's shares rose as much as 1.8 per cent, set to break a five-session losing streak, after its Reuters report. They were last up about 1 per cent at ₹225.95 rupees each.

The Indian government owns infrastructure financial institutions but no other state-run company has created a unit to help it finance projects.

The NBCC's board discussed the proposal to set up a shadow lender in March, the sources said, while the structure of one NBFC will be decided after June, the second source said.

NBCC will seek approval for the shadow bank from the new administration that will be elected in June, at the end of the seven-phase national polls that started on Friday.

The company will also need a license from the Reserve Bank of India, which it has not yet applied for.

REUTERS

NAME CHANGE

I. Bimal Kumar Agrawal, S/O L. Mohan Lal Agrawal, aged 58 years, R/o Hardik Sadan, Laxmi Vihar, Bajinathpur, PO: Deeghar, PS: Deeghar, Deeghar-914112, Jharkhand Visa Affidavit No. 751/22 dated 30/12/2022 will be known as Bimal Kumar Agrawal and in Hindi (बिमल कुमार अग्रवाल) That Bimal Kumar Agrawal and Bimal Agrawal and Bimal Agrawal and Bimal Agrawal and Bimal Kumar Agrawal are one and same person.

HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION LIMITED

NOTICE is hereby given that the certificate for the advertisement issued by the company has been lost, misplaced and the holder of the said certificate application has applied to the company to issue duplicate certificate. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said certificate should lodge such claim with the company at the registered office of the company within 30 days from the date of the issue of this notice. The company will proceed to issue duplicate certificate without further intimation.

Name of the shareholder: HEMAN MEHRA
No. of Shares: 200
Certificate No.: 407539 to 407579
Date: 18/04/2024

Place: 18/04/2024

Information Technology Division, HO, 5, Sansad Marg, New Delhi - 110 001
(Email ID: eprocurement@pnb.co.in, Phone: 011-23314522)

TENDER NOTICE

Punjab National Bank invites online bids (both technical and commercial) from eligible bidders for the following RFPs:

1. Procurement of Managed Software Testing Services and Setting up of Testing Centre of Excellence (TCoE).
2. Procurement of New Solution/Tool for Streamlining of Internal Compliance Monitoring Function.

Interested bidders may visit our e-Procurement website <https://gem.gov.in/> for downloading the detailed RFP document. Last date and time for online bid submission for RFP for Procurement of Managed Software Testing Services and Setting up of Testing Centre of Excellence (TCoE) is **08.05.2024 at 16:00 hrs.** Last date and time for online bid submission for RFP for Procurement of New Solution/Tool for Streamlining of Internal Compliance Monitoring Function is **11.05.2024 at 16:00 hrs.**

Dy. General Manager

FORM G (VERSION-2)

INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR FOUR CARE HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRIES AT MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Under Regulation 36A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

1. Name of the Corporate Debtor: **Four Care Hospital Private Limited**
PAN: AABCFC230Q | CIN: 1081518MUM01PCL220506

2. Address of the registered office: **602, Panchsheel Kunj, 8th Floor, Malviya Road, Vile Pagar (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400057, India**
<https://www.fourcarehospital.com/>

3. URL of website: **www.fourcarehospital.com**

4. Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located: **Hospital in Mumbai, Maharashtra - Total Capacity: 13 Beds**

5. Installed capacity of main products/services: **Turnover - Rs. 2,73,20,720/- (NR Two Crores Seventy Three Lakhs Seven Hundred and Twenty Only), as per the last audited Balance Sheet filed by the Corporate Debtor for the FY 2021-22**

6. Quantity & value of main products/services sold in last financial year: **Total No. of Employees as on Date: 9**

7. Number of employees/workmen: **For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com**

8. Further details including last audited financial statements (with schedules) of two years, lists of creditors, relevant dates for subsequent events of the process are available at: **Website: <https://fcpl.stellarinsolvency.com/>**

9. Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 25(2)(h) of the Code is available at: **For details, please contact at: fourcare.sip@gmail.com**

10. Last date for receipt of expression of interest: **19th June 2024**

11. Date of issue of provisional list of prospective resolution applicants: **29th June 2024**

12. Last date for submission of objections to provisional list: **04th July 2024**

13. Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants: **14th July 2024**

14. Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plans to prospective resolution applicants: **19th July 2024**

15. Last date for submission of resolution plans: **18th August 2024**

16. Process email id to submit Expression of Interest: **fourcare.sip@gmail.com**

Resolution Process Officer: Rajan Garg
Reg. No.: 0890010119P, PPO No.: 2021/13024
Suite No. 5, 8th Floor, 407, Eastern Centre, Jambhal Bajaj Marg, Eastern Express, Goregaon, Mumbai - 400021

ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited

IRDA Reg. No. 115, Dated August 03, 2001 • CIN No. L67200MH2000PLC129408
Registered Office: ICICI Lombard House, 414, Veer Savarkar Marg, Near Siddhivinayak Temple, Prabhadevi, Mumbai - 400 025. Website: <http://www.icicilombard.com>

Audited Financial Results

Particulars	REVENUE ACCOUNT						Total	
	Fire		Marine		Miscellaneous		For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023		
1 Premiums earned (Net)	61,489	65,219	52,253	43,871	1,572,905	1,373,195	1,686,647	1,482,285
2 Profit/Loss on sale/redemption of investments	1,797	1,463	965	515	46,683	36,071	49,145	38,649
3 Interest, Dividend & Rent - Gross	8,353	7,324	3,092	2,577	217,016	183,571	228,461	193,472
4 Others								
(a) Foreign exchange gain/(loss)	(1,276)	781	(96)	75	2,445	(304)	1,073	552
(b) Investment income from pool (Terrorism and Nuclear)	7,522	4,791	-	-	818	413	8,440	5,204
(c) Contribution from Shareholders excess EOM	-	-	-	-	-	-	89,069	88,069
d) Miscellaneous Income	50	11	43	8	1,352	241	1,445	260
TOTAL (A)	78,035	79,589	55,967	47,046	1,841,219	1,682,856	1,875,211	1,809,491
6 Claims Incurred (Net)	38,256	32,168	38,342	31,772	1,117,350	1,068,624	1,193,048	1,072,564
7 Commission	(21,768)	(28,050)	8,613	5,906	322,556	70,385	308,901	47,221
8 Operating Expenses related to Insurance Business	11,161	19,851	6,282	7,076	264,310	427,544	281,773	451,419
9 Premium Deficiency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL (B)	27,659	19,979	53,237	44,754	1,703,716	1,566,531	1,874,622	1,571,264
10 Operating Profit/(Loss) C = (A - B)	50,366	59,610	2,720	2,292	137,503	176,325	190,589	238,227
11 APPROPRIATIONS								
Transfer to Shareholders' Account	50,366	59,610	2,720	2,292	137,503	176,325	190,589	238,227
Transfer to Catastrophe Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Other Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL (C)	50,366	59,610	2,720	2,292	137,503	176,325	190,589	238,227

Particulars	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	
	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
1 OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)		
(a) Fire Insurance	50,366	59,610
(b) Marine Insurance	2,720	2,292
(c) Miscellaneous Insurance	137,503	176,325
2 INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS		
(a) Interest, Dividend & Rent - Gross	67,614	59,560
(b) Profit on sale of investments	17,092	13,704
(c) (Loss on sale/redemption of investments)	(2,029)	(579)
(d) (Amortisation of Premium) / Discount on Investments	1,808	489
3 OTHER INCOME		
(a) Interest income on tax refund	-	2,969
(b) Profit on sale/discard of fixed assets	62	20
(c) Recovery of bad debts written off	456	1,404
TOTAL (A)	275,592	315,793
4 PROVISIONS (Other than taxation)		
(a) For diminution in the value of investments	9,582	7,653
(b) For doubtful debts	(3,888)	(1,712)
(c) Others	-	-
5 OTHER EXPENSES		
(a) Expenses other than those related to Insurance Business		
(i) Employees' remuneration and other expenses	592	584
(ii) Managerial remuneration	811	1,159
(iii) Directors' fees and profit commission	214	177
(iv) Expenses related to Investment property	65	107
(v) Listing Fees / Other Charges	20	20
(b) Bad debts written off	8,280	2,244
(c) Interest on subordinated debt	368	1,147
(d) Expenses towards CSR activities	3,705	3,473
(e) Penalties	-	-
(f) Towards Excess Expenses of Management	-	88,069
(g) Others	-	-
(h) Investments written off	-	-
(i) Loss on sale/discard of fixed assets	304	379
TOTAL (B)	20,073	104,540
6 Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	255,519	211,253
7 Provision for Taxation	63,659	38,348
8 Profit / (Loss) after tax	191,860	172,905
9 APPROPRIATIONS		
(a) Interim dividends paid during the year	24,570	22,099
(b) Final dividend paid	27,014	24,551
(c) Transfer to any Reserves or Other Accounts	-	-
Balance carried forward to Balance Sheet	341,601	215,346
Balance of profit/ loss brought forward from last year	481,877	341,601

Particulars	BALANCE SHEET	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
SOURCES OF FUNDS		
SHARE CAPITAL	49,269	49,113
SHARE APPLICATION MONEY PENDING ALLOTMENT	70	50
RESERVES AND SURPLUS	1,145,710	990,114
FAIR VALUE CHANGE ACCOUNT	86,955	21,328
- Shareholders' Funds	24,452	5,118
- Policyholders' Funds	74,503	16,210
BORROWINGS	3,500	3,500
TOTAL	1,294,504	1,064,195
APPLICATION OF FUNDS		
INVESTMENTS - Shareholders	1,158,686	985,834
INVESTMENTS - Policyholders	3,732,038	3,332,206
LOANS	-	-
FIXED ASSETS	70,085	56,400
DEFERRED TAX ASSET	29,261	26,532
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Bank Balances	33,459	20,313
Advances and Other Assets	1,907,300	1,087,335
Sub-TOTAL (A)	1,240,759	1,107,648
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
PROVISIONS	4,023,520	3,565,899
Sub-TOTAL (B)	5,032,326	4,444,515
NET CURRENT ASSETS (C) = (A - B)	(3,691,567)	(3,336,867)
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURE (To the extent not written off or adjusted)		
	-	-
DEBIT BALANCE IN PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	1,294,504	1,064,195

Sl. No.	Particulars	ANALYTICAL RATIOS SCHEDULE	
		Upto the Year ended March 31, 2024	Upto the Year ended March 31, 2023
1	Gross Direct Premium Growth Ratio	18%	17%
2	Gross Direct Premium to Net Worth Ratio	2.07	2.02
3	Growth rate of Net Worth	15%	14%
4	Net Retention Ratio	71%	71%
5	Net Commission Ratio	17%	9%
6	Expense of Management to Gross Direct Premium Ratio	30%	30%
7	Expense of Management to Net Written Premium Ratio	41%	40%
8	Net Incurred Claims to Net Earned Premium	71%	72%
9	Claims paid to claims provisions	16%	15%
10	Combined Ratio	102%	104%
11	Investment income ratio	8%	8%
12	Technical Reserves to net premium ratio	2.22	2.29
13	Underwriting balance ratio	-0.06	-0.06
14	Operating Profit Ratio	11%	16%
15	Liquid Assets to liabilities ratio	0.09	0.11
16	Net earning ratio	11%	12%
17	Return on net worth ratio	16%	17%
18	Available Solvency Margin Ratio to Required Solvency Margin Ratio	2.62	2.51
19	NPA Ratio		
20	Gross NPA Ratio	0.90	0.00
21	Net NPA Ratio	0.00	0.00
22	Debt Equity Ratio	0.00	0.00
23	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	696.14	186.19
24	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	696.14	185.19
25	Earnings per share	Basic: ₹ 39.93 Diluted: ₹ 36.78	Basic: ₹ 35.21 Diluted: ₹ 35.16
26	Book value per share	242.75	211.60

Notes -
(1) Ratios are computed as per definitions laid down by IRDA Master Circular dated October 5, 2012 and corrigendum on Master Circular dated July 3, 2013 and circular IRDA/FA/CIR/MISC/256/09/2021 dated September 30, 2021.
(2) Credit Rating: Non-Convertible Debenture (Series INE13L08024) amounting to ₹ 3,500 Lakhs: "AAA/Stable" by CRISIL and "AAA Stable" by ICAI.
(3) Next due date for payment of interest on Non-Convertible Debentures: Non-Convertible Debenture (Series INE13L09024) : April 30, 2024, Amount: ₹ 368 Lakhs.
(4) The Board of Directors has recommended a final dividend of ₹ 6.00 per equity share of face value of ₹ 10 each for the year ended March 31, 2024. The declaration and payment of final dividend is subject to requisite approvals. (During the year ended March 31, 2023 the Board of Directors had recommended a final dividend of ₹ 5.50 per equity share of face value of ₹ 10 each).
(5) During the year ended March 31, 2024 the Company paid an interim dividend of ₹ 5.00 per equity share of face value of ₹ 10 each. (During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company paid an interim dividend of ₹ 4.50 per equity share of face value of ₹ 10 each).
(6) Net Worth as on March 31, 2024: ₹ 1,195,978 Lakhs (Computed as per definition laid down by IRDAI).
(7) The above financial results have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 17, 2024.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Sd/-
Sanjeev Mehta
Managing Director & CEO
DIN: 01192284

Place: Mumbai
Date: April 19, 2024



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For Four Care Hospital Private Limited (Under CIRP)

Resolution Process Officer: Rajan Garg

Reg. No.: 0890010119P, PPO No.: 2021/13024

Suite No. 5, 8th Floor, 407, Eastern Centre, Jambhal Bajaj Marg, Eastern Express, Goregaon, Mumbai - 400021

FORM G (VERSION-2)

INVITATION FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED OPERATING IN REAL ESTATE ACTIVITIES AT JUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA
(Under sub-regulation 36A of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016)

RELEVANT PARTICULARS

1. Name of the corporate debtor (along with PAN/CIN/LLP No.): **Tarapur Teetle Park Limited, 17/02/2019/22050699**

2. Address of the registered office: **Amal Mahal, Ground Floor, Near Chandra Cinema, Juhu Mumbai Maharashtra - 400049.**

3. URL of website: **www.teetlepark.com**

4. Details of place where majority of fixed assets are located: **Real Estate Project: Sai Baba Boulevard is an integrated Township with Industrial units and Residential Complexes at Village Mangrul, Borisar, Taluka Pargol, Dist. Thane. The total area of the project Plots is 4,20,467 sq. mtrs. Revenue from Rental income as per last available balance sheet as on 31st March, 2023 - Rs. 1,68 Lakhs.**

5. Installed capacity of main products/services: **the details can be obtained from the RP through the following email id tarapur.teetle@gmail.com**

6. Quantity and value of main products/services sold in last financial year: **Revenue from Rental income as per last available balance sheet as on 31st March, 2023 - Rs. 1,68 Lakhs.**

7. Number of employees/workmen: **the details can be obtained from the RP through the following email id tarapur.teetle@gmail.com**

8. Further details including last audited financial statements (with schedules) of two years, lists of creditors are available at URL: **Can be obtained from RP through the following email id tarapur.teetle@gmail.com**

9. Eligibility for resolution applicants under section 25(2)(h) of the Code is available at URL: **Can be obtained from RP through the following email id tarapur.teetle@gmail.com**

10. Last date for receipt of expression of interest: **06.05.2024**

11. Date of issue of provisional list of prospective resolution applicants: **18.06.2024**

12. Last date for submission of objections to provisional list: **23.06.2024**

13. Date of issue of final list of prospective resolution applicants: **31.06.2024**

14. Date of issue of information memorandum, evaluation matrix and request for resolution plans to prospective resolution applicants: **05.06.2024**

15. Last date for submission of resolution plans: **05.07.2024**

16. Process email id to submit Expression of Interest: **tarapur.teetle@gmail.com**

Notes:
1) The Form G is published pursuant to the resolutions passed by the CoC members, concluded on 18th April, 2024 to rewrite expression of interest.
Resolution Professional: Tarapur Teetle Park Limited
IRDA Reg. No. IRDA/IRDA/2021/1003/2017-2018; 10899
ISBI Reg. Address: 410, 4th Floor, Blue Rose Industrial Estate, NEST to Metro Mall, Borisar East, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400 066
Date: 20/04/2024
Place: Mumbai